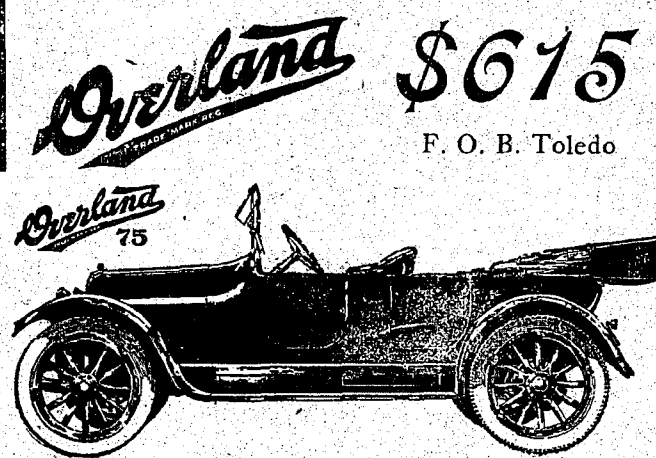


HAMS of all kinds in this butcher shop may be entirely relied upon. They are all first class and guaranteed to be of the highest quality—smoked and cured right. When you deal with us you may be sure that you are getting a square deal all the time.

Milk's Market

F. H. Milks
Phone No. 2FIVE PASSENGER
TOURING CAR

Model 75 \$615

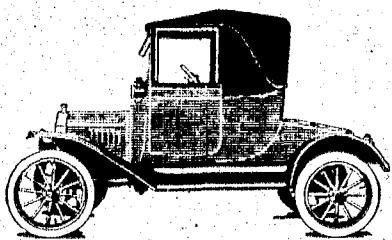
L. J. KRAUS, Agent
GRAYLING, MICH.

ENGRAVED CARDS, INVITATIONS, PERSONAL AND BUSINESS STATIONERY, ETC. May be left with us with the assurance that the work when completed will mark the user as correct and meet every requirement of the most discriminating taste.

THE CRAWFORD AVALANCHE
PRINTING and ADVERTISING. GRAYLING, MICH.

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Obey the impulse and get your Ford car today. There's no valid reason why you should deny yourself the pleasure and profitable service the Ford gives. Obey that impulse. "Time is money," and the service of a Ford doubles the value of your time. Runabout \$390; Touring Car \$440; Coupelet \$590; Town Car \$640; Sedan \$740, f. o. b. Detroit. On display and sale by

George Burke, Frederic, Mich.
Agent for Crawford and Northern Roscommon CountiesCOMMENCEMENT
WEEK IN GRAYLINGSENIOR AND EIGHTH GRADES
GRADUATE CLASSES.Prof. L. L. Tyler of Traverse City
Gave Commencement Address.

Commencement week in Grayling schools opened with a most excellent baccalaureate sermon Sunday evening by Rev. Aaron Mitchell, pastor of the M. E. church. The church was filled with the parents and friends of the seniors and others interested in the local schools.

Rev. Mitchell spoke from the theme "Impossible is Un-American" the class motto, and made a strong appeal to the young people for Christianity and upright living. Those who had the privilege of hearing Mr. Mitchell carried away ennobled thoughts and a feeling for higher ideals in life.

EIGHTH GRADE EXERCISES.

Monday night Miss Chrysanthemum Barry, teacher of the eighth grade, presented her class in a charming rendition of "Evangeline."

After invocation by Rev. Riess, Melvin A. Bates, on behalf of the school board, presented the class with their diplomas. He likened the school course to an excursion and the eighth grade diploma a ticket for an exchange of passage on a new route. Mr. Bates pointed out the American school as a splendid example of citizenship.

The class then dramatized "Evangeline" with Miss Margaret Cassidy as the heroine of the story. Other parts were also ably taken by Colburn Charlefour, Harry Cook, Waldemar Roeser, Frances Preston, Lyle Milks, Marshall Holliday, Margaret Insley, Loyl Cameron, Gordon Davidson and others of the class.

The stage was pretty with ferns and other cut foliage and flowers. Above the stage was the class motto: "Roving not Drifting." This was in large letters of gold, outlined in black on a blue background. These exercises were held in the beautiful High school auditorium and practically every seat was filled.

The graduates numbered twenty-five, and following are the names of those who have finished the eight grades: Margaret Insley, Margaret Cassidy, Mildred Bates, Lillian Smith, Frances Preston, Isa Granger, Ruth Shellenberger, Ruby Olson, Phebe Johnson, Edna Babbitt, Louise Salting, Lionel McClain, Marshall Holliday, Thorwald Peterson, Waldemar Roeser, Hersel Fairbairn, Clifford Merrill, Gordon Davidson, Clair Brott, Harry Cook, Colburn Charlefour, Lyle Milks, William Wingard, Loyl Cameron and Margethe Nelson.

SENIOR CLASS DAY.

The stage Tuesday night at the class day exercises of the Seniors, presented a very striking appearance. It was arranged to represent a college girl's room. The walls were covered with pennants of practically every well known college in the country. There was a case of books and comfortable chairs and other furniture. The class motto: "Impossible is Un-American" was presented on red pennants in steel gray letters, which hung gracefully from the arch above the stage.

Clark's orchestra played several selections and at 8:15 the class appeared singing their class song. After the song Miss Laura Nielson offered her Salutory in a very graceful manner.

Miss Minnie Sherman was very pleasing in her Gifatory address and brot out many hearty laughs.

Miss Helen Bingham and Roy Milnes, in their happy manner, cheerfully related the past and future history of the class members.

Wayne Thompson read from an enormous legal document the class will, endowing their successors with many of their fond privileges and some unpleasant tasks.

The valedictory was given by Miss Leora Ellsworth, who very classically offered the parting sentiments of the class of 1916 to their teachers, and the members of the School board.

The members of the class were greeted with an audience that packed the auditorium and each address was loudly applauded and truly appreciated. The efforts of each member was a splendid credit to that person. The people of Grayling have a deep interest in our schools and feel each year, as we graduate a class, that one more noble deed has been accomplished, and American citizenship has been strengthened.

There will be considerable change in the teaching staff for the coming year. Those of the present staff who will not return are Miss Vera Lane, principal; Miss Lena Chalfant, teacher of Latin and German; Miss Leone Lennon, teacher of penmanship and music; Miss Chrysanthemum Barry, eighth grade; Miss Myrtle Reagan, second grade; and Miss Mary Wiberg, first grade. Some of these will teach elsewhere and others attend college. Mr. Ellsworth states that he intends to spend the summer in Grayling and will probably conduct private summer classes. Teachers have in most part

(Continued on fourth page.)

Fruit Conditions.

Weather conditions during the month of May, in all sections of the State have been very favorable for fruit.

The following table will show the prospect at the present time for a crop of the various kinds of fruit in the State and the different sections:

	State	South's Counties	Central Counties	North's Counties	Upper Peninsula
Apples	89	85	91	98	95
Pears	85	81	85	92	96
Peaches	73	72	69	80	84
Plums	73	72	69	80	84
Cherries	88	83	89	95	104
Strawberries	91	89	91	97	92

COLEMAN C. VAUGHAN,

Secretary of State.

It may be noticed that the fruit conditions in the northern counties, in which is included Crawford county, excel all other parts of the State with the exception of pears and cherries. In these two last named fruits, the Upper Peninsula is ahead.

M.C.R.R. OFFICIALS
VISIT COUNTYMAKING TOUR OF INSPECTION
OF NORTHEASTERN
MICHIGAN.Campaign of Education a Revelation
to Visitors.

Thru the efforts of Secretary T. F. Marston and Assistant W. H. Hill, of the Northeastern Michigan Development bureau, the higher-up officials of the New York Central railroad company were induced to visit this part of the state bordering on their lines of railroad.

It took some influence and wire pulling to get them to hie themselves to these parts, but Marston and Hill did it and are deserving of credit for doing so. The Michigan Central are already contributors to the Development bureau.

This was to be a trip for education principally, that the Company might learn the true status and development of the agricultural resources of this district. As the lumbering interests eventually cease operations, other resources must take their places in order to make business for the railroads.

Northeastern Michigan is a land of promise for the agriculturist. Belated in the progress of development, this region has suddenly recognized the necessity of doing things—hence the Development bureau. We have the lands but need the practical farmers for tilling them.

The railroad committee with Mr. Marston and Mr. Hill started out Monday last and visited Bay, Gladwin, Arenac, Ogemaw, Roscommon, Crawford, Montmorency, Otsego and Cheboygan counties.

They were met by a committee from the Grayling Board of Trade Tuesday at 12:00 o'clock noon at Roscommon.

A schedule of three hours in Crawford would not permit of much delay, and therefore the best that could be done in this brief time was a hurried trip thru Beaver Creek township. The first stop that was made was at the J. R. Skingley farm, where they found fine fields of clover, alfalfa and other crops in excellent condition. A stop at the farm of L. B. Merrill found that gentleman as enthusiastic as ever and proud to show what he had accomplished on light soil lands. Some of the visitors stated that they hadn't seen finer clover fields anywhere on their travels than were seen here.

No further stops were made on account of the lack of time except at the old Montgomery farm, where there was a heavy field of alfalfa. This field had been platted three years ago and no further labor or care given it, except to cut three crops of hay from it each year since. This field was so especially fine that several pictures were taken of it. Mr. Hill also stopped long enough to photograph a field of clover at the Hans Christenson farm.

It is the intention of the New York Central railroad company to endeavor to assist in experiment work among the farmers and have their agriculturists give personal attention to the requirements of the various conditions and soils found thruout the counties thru which their road runs.

Following the trip thru Beaver Creek township, the company visited the Hanson State Military reservation and also took a peep at the Grayling Fish hatchery and saw a few speckled beauties ranging from fry to 10 or 12 inches in length.

It is regretted that time would not permit a visit to other sections of the county. South Branch and Maple Forest townships also have large numbers of splendid farms, however the visitors seemed more than pleased with such lands as they did see in Crawford county, and no doubt this is the beginning of a new era in agriculture for this part of the state. The interest and co-operation of so powerful a corporation as was represented by the visitors here on this occasion is bound to aid in much quicker development. A few of the party more interested in stock raising, made a quick trip to the R. Hanson cattle ranch, north of the village, and were shown

Juniors Give Pretty Reception For
Seniors.

The High school gymnasium was the scene of a pretty party last Friday evening, when the Juniors entertained in honor of the Seniors with a banquet and dancing party. This is an annual affair and each year the Juniors try their utmost to have it a very pleasant one. The guests included the members of the school board, the faculty, Seniors, Juniors, and Sophomores, and each member of the latter two classes had the privilege of inviting a friend, which made up a most delightful party, and conspicuous among the party was Miss Grace Jacobs, former principal of the High school.

At 7:30 o'clock, a splendid dinner was served the guests, by the freshman class, to which each and all did ample justice. Professor Ellsworth acted as toastmaster, and many toasts and impromptu speeches were given by the members of the school board and others. The tables were adorned with vases of red and white carnations, and as favors, white carnations were given the gentlemen and red carnations the ladies.

During the evening J. Fred Alexander sang many pleasing solos, which greatly added to the evening's enjoyment.

In the gymnasium, which had been nicely decorated for the occasion, dancing began at nine o'clock, Clark's orchestra furnishing music. The party broke up at one o'clock and ended one of the most enjoyable school affairs of the season.

a practical demonstration of what could be done in this line.

The company left on their special Pullman train soon after 3:00 p. m. for Lewiston. From there they would take autos to Johannesburg and Gaylord. The party will return after reaching Cheboygan to Detroit and New York.

It was a pleasure to note that in spite of the lofty positions held by the visiting railroad officials, they were as common and humble as any other ordinary person. The spirit of "Know it all" was entirely lacking, and bigotry probably had, if it ever existed among them, been thrown to the winds years ago. It was really a pleasure to have them with us.

Following is a list of the visitors:

E. D. Bronner, General Manager the Michigan Central R. R.

J. J. Bernet, Vice President the New York Central Lines.

S. W. Brown, General Superintendent the Michigan Central R. R.

L. W. Landman, General Passenger Agent the Michigan Central R. R.

W. C. Rowley, General Freight Agent the Michigan Central R. R.

L. D. Huesner, Assistant General Passenger Agent M. C. R. R.

M. C. Coyle, Division Superintendent, Mackinaw Division, M. C. R. R.

F. S. Welch, Agriculturalist the New York Central Lines.

W. C. Byers, Agricultural Agent New York Central Lines West of Buffalo.

Geo. W. Webb, Chief Engineer.

Billy Bernet, son of Vice President Bernet.

Mr. McLean, Mr. Bernet's private secretary.

Accompanying—

T. F. Marston, Secretary and General Manager—The Northeastern Michigan Development Bureau.

W. H. Hill, Assistant Secretary—The Northeastern Michigan Development Bureau.

Resolution of Condolence.

By Center Plains Arbor A.O.U.E. No. 1014.

WHEREAS: The Great and All wise Creator of the universe has in his wisdom removed from our midst, our beloved companion and Chief Gleaner, Alex Skingley, therefore be it—

Resolved: That his departure from this life leaves a vacancy and shadow, which will be deeply realized by the friends of this Arbor.

Resolved: That in deep sympathy with the bereaved relatives of the deceased, we express hope that our great loss shall be over-ruled for good, by Him, who doeth all things well.

Resolved: That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the Crawford Avalanche and the Business Farmer; That a copy be retained in the records of this Arbor; That the charter be draped for sixty days in memory of our departed companion; and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family.

Leta Barber,
Minnie Love,
Charlie Shotts,
Committee.

An Unusual Offer.

Mr. A. M. Lewis is instructed to sell Dr. Navaun's Kidney Tablets under this guarantee: "That after you have used them for ten days for backache, rheumatism or nervousness, and you are not pleased with the results, return the balance of the package to Mr. Lewis and he will refund your fifty cents."

Crawford County Grange No. 934 will hold Memorial services at the G. A. R. hall, Saturday June 17th. Come one, come all.

LADIES

GRASP THIS OPPORTUNITY

We are making especially attractive offerings in everything for summer wear for women, girls and children, both in ready-to-wear and in fabrics. Exceptionally attractive is our line of waists, lingerie and wash goods generally. You will be more than pleased with our lines of hosiery, which we are selling at very close prices. Prices, though, are distressing close on all lines and in every department. It is worth a trip to see them.

Emil Kraus

GRAYLING'S LEADING DRY GOODS STORE

Standing of Auto
Contestants

Contestants	
Kenneth Nellet	92,499
Ruby Dyer	77,825
George Hodge	57,695
Frankie Owens	16,630
Romain Charron	11,890
Bonnie Decker	9,685
Edgar Douglas	9,500

Store Service

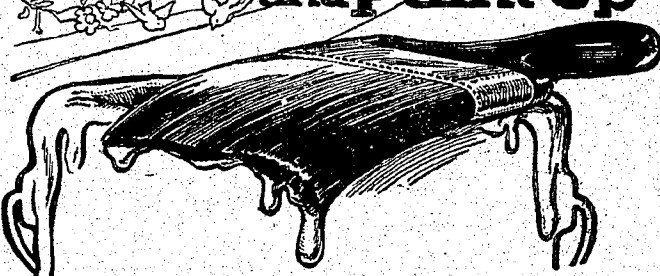
Time and Money
Wasted in
Baking at Home

Why not let us do your baking? We can supply you with Better Bread, Pies, Rolls, Buns, etc., than you can bake at home.

Why not try us and be convinced

Model Bakery and Grocery

THE HOME OF PURITY AND QUALITY



Now we will all be busy as hummingbirds with our cleaning, painting and fixing

SPRINGTIME'S spirit is "catching" and we don't want Mother Nature to outdo us in dressing up. Get started early with this spring's overhauling—and get your supplies from us. We have everything you need for painting, beautifying and preserving your property.

Paint Supplies of all kinds; the best that can be bought for your purpose

House Paints, Barn Paints, Floor Paints, Wall Finishes, Varnishes, Enamels, Stains, and Brushes, etc.

Call today and see our stock—let us suggest materials and colors

SALLING, HANSON CO.

Hardware Department

LIVERY & SALES STABLES



Prompt livery service ready at anytime.

Also heavy work.

Farms and Farm Lands and Village Property For Sale.

N. P. Olson, Grayling

Phone No. 384

U OF M MEMORIAL FUND PLEDGES

ALL MONEY RAISED WILL BE PUT INTO FUND UNTIL THE YEAR 1925.

USE MONEY FOR ANY PURPOSE

Three Hundred Seniors Laid the Foundation With \$1,550 Already Pledged.

Ann Arbor.—In an effort to augment the annual income of the University of Michigan, 300 seniors laid the foundations of an alumni memorial fund. All graduates were asked to make a pledge to the university, payable annually beginning April, 1913, the money thus realized to be put into a fund which will be allowed to accumulate until 1925. It is expected that each succeeding class will make pledges to the fund. In 1925, one part of the accumulated fund will be set aside as a permanent endowment, while the remainder will be put into a special fund to be administered by a board composed of representatives from the alumni, the student body, the faculty and the university board of regents.

It is the plan of the originators of the scheme to allow the money to be used for any purpose, such as employing and raising the salaries of members of the teaching staff, funds, augmenting building appropriations and providing a fund which will be available for projects for which it is impossible to obtain appropriations from the state legislature. Thus far an annual contribution of \$1,550 has been pledged and it is expected that this sum will be greatly increased by additional pledges of members of the senior class and alumni.

A BAFFLING CRIME

The Lansing Police Trying to Find the Murderer of a Citizen.

Lansing.—Although a half-dozen suspects have been arrested and let go since the murder, the police are still at sea regarding the identity of the two men who killed Alex M. Somogyi, the Hungarian banker and ice cream dealer.

Beyond the descriptions of the two men who entered the store as given by Mrs. Somogyi and a cap picked up near the scene of the killing, the officials have nothing upon which to work.

The entire job appears amateurish and a Lansing young man, who is now locked up on a charge of violating the local option law, is suspected of knowing more than he will tell. Several petty robberies had recently been traced to a gang with which the prisoner was at one time intimate.

Two men suspected of being pickpockets, with criminal records, are being held at the station. They were taken at the Grand Trunk station. They practically admitted their calling, but denied they had anything to do with the killing of Somogyi.

So far as is known Mrs. Somogyi has failed to identify any of the suspects arrested.

HALF OF STATE SURVEYED

Twelve Thousand Homes Were Visited by the Tuberculosis Campaign.

Lansing.—The first part of the schedule of the statewide tuberculosis survey in Michigan comes to a close this week when the campaign closes in Tuscola and Sanilac counties. It will end the work in the southern peninsula until October, when the "Health First" party will return from above the straits.

In addition to the examination of 7,000 person for tuberculosis, the visiting of the 12,000 homes, the giving of hundreds of addresses on health, Traverse City and Lansing have established full-time health departments as a result of this work. Lansing has established an open-air school, and Port Huron has taken similar action. Several other cities have increased their facilities in this respect, and still others are planning to open similar schools in the near future.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS

Although the usual large numbers of men will be needed in Kansas and Oklahoma during the harvest season this year, comparatively few will go from Detroit. More positions are open in Detroit than there are men to fill them by at least 1,000, declares the U. S. Immigration bureau.

Figures received by the Americanization committee of the Detroit Board of Commerce reveal that during the first five months of 1916 more than twice the number of aliens applied for citizenship papers in Detroit than did so during the same period in 1915.

Glady's Golf, member of this year's Newage high school graduating class, clad only in a bath robe, with a loaded revolver, chased a burglar from the home of N. A. McDonald while the latter was at the G. O. P. convention. Mrs. McDonald was overcome with fright.

Without a physician or a nurse present a healthy boy was born on a South Shore train. The mother is a Flint woman who was hurrying to her parents in Sault Ste. Marie. Mother and child are being cared for at a Soo hospital.

Grape growers in an around Lawton are not looking for a full crop this year. Reports indicate that the cut worm has done considerable damage and that the buds are not setting as plentifully as usual, although conditions are believed to be better than they were a year ago at this time.

MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

The grape crop is expected to be below normal this year.

Agitation has been started in Three Rivers for a manager-commission form of government.

Gerrit S. Ward, 74, president of the First State bank of Alma, dropped dead at Big Rapids Friday.

Alma is planning on the biggest Fourth of July celebration ever held in this section of the state.

The Kalamazoo Gazette, claiming to be the oldest newspaper in Michigan, has become an afternoon paper.

J. Walter Wood, who is mayor pro tem of Niles is expected to succeed his father, L. E. Wood, who died recently, as mayor.

Adam H. Wagner, 80, pioneer resident of Sturgis is dead and is survived by a widow, nine children and 15 grandchildren.

Construction work on the new million dollar Michigan Union club house, Ann Arbor, will be started at formal exercises to be held June 28.

Charles M. Dargis, 31, Bay City, brakeman on the Michigan Central, fell under a train at Roscommon Friday and was so badly mangled that he died.

Desertions are growing numerous on lake freighters, so much so in fact that it is becoming quite a problem for vessel masters to keep their crews to full quota.

The body of Aviator Stevenson MacGordon, of Menominee, who was fatally burned in an explosion of his aeroplane at Newport News, Va., will be brought home for burial.

Four of the six members of the Lansing police and fire commission have resigned within a week as a result of differences with Mayor Reuter over appointment of members of the board.

Albert Seitz, 55 years old, was found dead in his room in a Detroit boarding house. Although he had \$5,732.12 in cash and bank deposits, he lived on stale buns and other food cooked over an old oil stove.

Alma high school will graduate 40 seniors this year, the largest class in the history of the school. President Harry Means Crooks, of Alma college, will give the commencement address to the graduates June 21.

Claiming that it is within 400 feet of a church and that the license was issued to a man now dead, the "drys" have started legal action to close the only saloon in Redford, opened with the Redford hotel, on June 1.

The Michigan Authors' association elected Chase S. Osborn, Sault Ste. Marie, former governor of Michigan, president and Lionel Scott, Detroit poet and author, first vice president at the annual election of officers.

Emerson A. Gordon, 27 years old, who is said to have confessed to absconding with \$4,600 from the Simon J. Murphy company of Detroit, waived examination and was held to the next term of recorder's court.

Pontiac charitable workers, through the Association for Charity and Civic Service have reduced to a business system the gathering of old papers for the purpose of raising funds to continue the work of aiding needy people.

While Mrs. Nick Lafata of Ypsilanti was cutting from a stalk of bananas above her head Saturday the knife slipped, and fell on her face, cutting one eye badly. It is hoped to save the sight. She was taken to the University.

Charles A. Thompson, former local resident, was killed at Fort William McKinley, Rizal, Philippine islands, May 6, when a horse he was breaking reared and fell on him. Thompson served with Company M during the Calumet strike.

The great lakes face the record-breaking year, according to William Livingstone, president of the Lake Carriers' association, who says that, fully a quarter as much business again as was done last year will take place during the 1916 season.

Fifty thousand dollars worth of bonds were burned in South Haven city, hall upon order of the council because city officials discovered that it was possible to issue four and one-half cent bonds instead of five percent bonds. The money when secured from the sale of the four and a half percent bonds will be used in the erection of a new city hall and armory.

Although Miss Mary E. Spaulding of Grand Rapids posed for a life-size photograph in nothing but tights, a jury in the circuit court has awarded her \$2,500 heart balm against David McWhorter, a retired business man. Miss Spaulding testified that for 12 years she was the "old man's darling," and then he threw her aside to marry a younger and fairer girl.

The body of Mrs. Wilbur Showler, of Riga, was discovered in bed with one arm slashed in seven places and the other having six cuts. Then she slashed her throat, which finally caused death. The act is attributed to ill health.

Wayne county circuit judges sitting en banc, Saturday, denied a petition for the reinstatement of George W. Radford, Detroit attorney disbarred from practice in that court about six years ago for alleged illegal practices, and also denied a petition for a rehearing of his case.

Fifty helpers in the foundry department at Michigan Alkali works, No. 2 Ford village, walked out Saturday when the company refused their demand for an increase in pay from 25 to 30 cents an hour.

Lawrence F. Schwab, 80, of Muskegon, has invented a rapid-fire gun throwing asphyxiating gas projectiles at the rate of 10 shots a minute, which he has offered to the United States army ordnance board. The weapon has already received the tentative approval of Thomas A. Edison, chairman of the military advisory board.

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHLAND.

ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

SWEDEN.

What once was the Ford peace expedition was reorganized May 18 in Stockholm as the "neutral conference for continuous mediation" with two delegates from six countries—the United States, Switzerland, Holland, Denmark, Norway and Sweden. Although the conference still is supported by Henry Ford, only Rev. Dr. Charles F. Aked of the original party is now a delegate, but Louis P. Lochner still is the general secretary. Miss Emily Greene Balch of Wellesley college is the second American delegate, and Frederick Holt of Detroit is business administrator for Mr. Ford. A statement says the peace mission in presenting an appeal to the neutral nations to act were received graciously by the ministers of all the neutral nations in Stockholm except the American minister, who said he had instructions not to recognize the neutral conference. Steps are under way for the sending of a delegation to the Vatican. Dr. Georges Brandes, a distinguished Danish writer, has been secured to write a peace essay.

A later dispatch, dated May 20th, says: All apprehensions of the Swedish government concerning the Alanti islands have been removed through the good offices of Great Britain. France asked Russia for particulars on behalf of Sweden and Russia readily gave complete and unqualified assurances that any defenses erected on the islands would be purely for emergencies of the present war and that any such military works would be removed at the end of hostilities. The good feeling that has arisen between Sweden and Great Britain as a result of these discussions has brought about an understanding regarding trade between England and Sweden.

Historians have never been able to settle the manner of the death of King Karl XII. All that can be said with certainty is that he received a bullet through his head while on an expedition to Norway. It is not even known whether the bullet came from the enemy or from an assassin. His body was exhumed in 1859 and thoroughly examined. But the question is as unsettled as ever. Now it is seriously proposed to let modern experts have a square look at the bones through his skull. They frankly admit that they would also like very much to take a view of the general make-up of the body of the famous king.

The Swedish Baptist church has 445 congregations and a membership of 55,231. There are 1,100 preachers, 400 of whom have been regularly ordained. Four new congregations were admitted last year. About 2,400 persons were admitted by baptism. The society has 1,300 Sunday schools, 5,300 Sunday school teachers and 66,000 pupils. There are 650 young people's societies having a membership of almost 25,000. About \$400,000 was raised for missionary work during the past year.

The results of the elections to the landstings, or provincial legislatures, are all in. The Conservatives elected 360 members, losing 7 seats; the Liberals 156, losing 23; the Social Democrats 126, losing 46. The result will be that the Liberals will lose two members of the first chamber of the riksdag to the Social Democrats. But the Social Democrats expect to gain eight seats in that body in 1919—two or three from the Conservatives and the rest from the Liberals.

The city of Lulea has made a supplementary appropriation of \$5,000 as extra pay on account of the high cost of living to those city employees who received less than \$675 apiece in salaries for the past year.

The profits of the state railways were \$30,000 greater in February, 1916, than in February, 1915. The receipts increased somewhat, but the expenditure increased much more.

A number of persons in Stockholm and elsewhere, under the leadership of the crown princess, have been sending gifts of love to captives of war in Germany and Russia.

Owing to the great scarcity of rooms for rent in Malmö the city has decided to rent out the old jail building to roomers.

The Sahlin under-water boat has been much improved during the past year, and the inventor is said to have offered it to one of the belligerents. Mr. Sahlin now claims that his boat has many advantages hitherto unknown. From his boat observations can be made with the naked eye through a telescope. It requires less than half a minute to take a view with the naked eye and to fire a torpedo, if desired. From that position it takes less than fifteen seconds to dive. The size of the submarine does not affect the time required for diving.

The English are not exactly bashful in making demands on neutral business men. A shipbuilder in Gothenburg ordered cast iron pipes for about \$50 from an English firm. The answer was favorable. But there was a rider to the offer. The shipbuilder was asked to see that not only the particular steamer for which the pipes were to be used, but also that all the vessels of the owner of that ship should be supplied to an English firm. This bargain was too much for the Swede, and now the English can use those cast iron pipes for something else.

C. Blomquist of Kinnelhamm donated \$5,400 to "Evangeliska Fosterlandsstiftelsen," a mission society, and \$800 to the mission church of Visby.

The ethnographical division of the national museum has received a donation of \$5,400 from a man who does not want his name published.

NORWAY.

Emilius Eriksen of Drammen, who celebrated his eightieth birthday this spring, is mentioned as an instance of rabid patriotism of the eighties, when the radical portion of the Norwegian people began to demand the removal of the "Union Sign" from the Norwegian flag. Early in the morning of a 17th of May some thirty years ago the good people of Drammen were shocked to see a "pure" Norwegian flag waving in the wind above the Drammen bridge. A rush was made for the revolutionary—no, hold on!—the anarchistic piece of canvas. But at the foot of the flagstaff stood Emilius Eriksen, broad-shouldered and defiant. He swore that the flag was to remain in the air as long as he could swing an ax, and he actually held a shining ax in his hand. No one had cause to find out whether he was in earnest, and as Emilius Eriksen remained at the spot all day the "pure" flag had nothing more serious to deal with than the fickle May-day breezes. Those who took part in that flag controversy some thirty years ago are wondering themselves how they could impute such a tremendous importance to the "pure" flag squabble. Even in the mind of Emilius Eriksen himself it is gradually changing from a tragedy to a comedy.

How to get rich by trading in horses. A farmer at Viborg wanted to buy a horse very badly. But he had very, very little money. Finally he ran across a horse that he could have for \$3. He made up his mind that this was the horse for him, and he bought it. To clinch the bargain he and the former owner of the horse went into a saloon to take a drink. They were in no great hurry to get out again. When they finally did come out the horse was dead. Now, this really seemed a streak of very bad luck. But our man did not become discouraged. He went to a man who was in the habit of turning all sorts of uncouth material into cash, and the man paid \$4 for the dead horse. So the man who was supposed to have sustained a loss actually made one dollar that the former owner of the horse might have made if he had known as much as the owner number two did.

A special stock census was taken in Denmark last February. The returns have been compiled sufficiently to bring out the following figures: There were 515,000 horses and colts, as against 526,000 in May last year. There were 2,290,000 head of cattle, as against 2,416,000 a year ago. This made a decrease of 127,000 in about ten months. From July, 1914, to May, 1915, the decrease in the number of hogs was 500,000. The low water mark seems to have been reached at the latter date, for there was an increase of 64,000 from May, 1915, to February, 1916. In the number of sheep there was a tremendous slump from 533,034 in May, 1915, to 524,636 in February, 1916. All these figures are misleading, for the May census of 1915 included hundreds of thousands of animals just born, while the February census this year came before the setting in of the spring births.

The isolated system of narrow mountain valleys and fjords known as Sogn has always been one of the most romantic portions of Norway. Its people are witty and smart, but they lead a typically rural life. Now a radical change is coming. The immense water power of the locality is responsible for all this. Holandsfjord, which has been a quiet rural community from time immemorial, will soon have a town of at least 2,000 inhabitants, and by the time the industrial plant of the valley is completed the population is expected to swell to about 5,000. In Aardal the plans call for industrial establishments on a still larger scale. The existing factories at Vadheim will soon be enlarged. Still other establishments are planned, one of which is said to control several hundred thousand horse power.

The Norwegian-American line has decided to have all its steamships which sail between America and Norway enter Kirkwall voluntarily for inspection of their mails in order to avoid complications arising from attempts to evade the British authorities by taking a more northerly course. The company has purchased a tramp steamship of 1,500 tons to bring American coal to Norway for its vessels so that they will be less dependent on English bunkers. The steamship Bengtsford, which sailed from New York May 13 for Bergen, has arrived safely by way of Kirkwall, where all its mail was removed and detained by the British authorities.

Tytteberries (Swedish "lingon") are not supposed to keep long, and for that reason they are generally rushed to the market in the fall of the year. An exporter in Christiania kept a few hundred barrels steeped in water during the winter, and early in the spring he examined the goods. Experts declared the berries were in fine shape, and they were at once exported. Incidentally it may be mentioned that the goods were intended for Germany, but the ship carrying them was picked up by the English, so that the Germans never got a smelt of them.

New canneries are opened from time to time in different parts of the country, and the business is so brisk that still more are planned for the future. The establishment of a tinplate factory in Norway will no doubt stimulate this industry.

Kelp is getting to be a valuable article of trade in Denmark. An innkeeper at Snoghol gathered 25 tons of the weed and sold it at \$8 a ton. As soon as the deal was closed another man came and offered him \$10 a ton.

MEXICAN TROUBLE GROWING WORSE

MORE TROOPS ORDERED TO PATROL BORDER ALONG NORTHERN MEXICO.

THREE RAIDERS ARE KILLED

Armed Intervention in Mexico Is Now Only a Question of Time Say State Department Officials.

Washington.—With 1,500 additional regular troops ordered to the Mexican border and reports of the rapid spread of anti-American feeling continuing to pour in from consuls all over northern Mexico, administration officials made no attempt to disguise their uneasiness. It was officially admitted that there is growing alarm over what the agitation may produce and the possibility of an attack on General Pershing's expedition. Part of the increasing apprehension here is due to the renewed raids in the Laredo region. Officials declined to reveal details, but they gave the impression of having reason to believe a serious purpose was behind the bandit raid on the Coleman ranch. Three raiders were killed and three captured.

The prompt action of the war department and the statement of Secretary of State Lansing that the situation in northern Mexico is steadily growing worse were accepted in many quarters as foreshadowing more drastic steps in the event that the Mexicans should attempt any organized act of hostility.

For days the state department has been receiving more and more reports concerning the spread of anti-American agitation throughout Mexico. Heretofore, however, efforts have been made to minimize the gravity of the situation. Consequently considerable surprise was expressed at Secretary Lansing's frank statement that the situation was growing worse.

While the secretary would not go so far as to admit that a change of policy was under consideration, it is no secret that a majority of the state department officials in touch with the Mexican situation are confident that armed intervention in Mexico is now only a question of time.

GERMANS COME TO AID ALLY

Open Offensive on 600 Miles, From Riga to the Jasiolada River.

Petrograd.—Czlonowicz, capital of the Austrian crown province of Bukovina, has been evacuated by the Austrians and occupied by the Russians, according to reports received here. One of the reports, which comes from Bucharest, Rumania, says the Austrian army has moved to a line of defense four miles west of Czernowitz. Although there is no official confirmation of the reports, advice to the effect that the Russians were within a few miles of Czernowitz indicated that the fall of the city was close at hand. The battle entered a new phase with the news that the Germans had come to the aid of the Austrians by opening a vigorous offensive from Riga to the Jasiolada river, northwest of the Pripiet marsh region, thus making the actual fighting front about 600 miles long.

The Germans are also holding the line from the Pripiet region to Lutsk, where the Austrian front begins and in addition are aiding their ally in the Stripa river region in Galicia.

Near Bobulintz, north of Buczacz, in the latter region, the Austrians and Germans combined, forced the Russians to give some ground. The fighting is still in progress, however.

Austria's five armies in southern Russia and Galicia are now in full flight at many points along the 200-mile front from Lutsk to the Rumanian border, according to an official statement issued by the general staff.

THE GERMAN LOSSES HEAVY

734,412 Men Killed Outright and Thousands Upon Thousands Injured.

London.—Germany up to the end of May had lost 2,924,586 soldiers, of whom 734,412 were killed, according to a British official tabulation of the German casualty lists given out here. The compilation did not include German losses in naval engagements, or in the fighting in the German colonies. The British official statement quotes the German official casualty lists for May as placing the total German losses in killed, prisoners and wounded at 102,507. This number, it is pointed out, brings the German total losses, exclusive of naval and colonial casualties, to 2,924,586.

St. Louis.—Plans for a woman's suffrage vote in Missouri next fall has been abandoned as a result of the Iowa defeat.

Chicago.—Chief Justice Richard E. Burke, of the Cook county criminal court, is dead. Burke was one of a score of victims made ill at the Mundelein banquet, held here several months ago when arsenic was placed in the soup in what is believed to have been an anarchist plot to kill all the diners.

Petrograd.—A monument has just been unveiled, at Novo Tcherkask, the only city of the Don Cossacks, to the famous Cossack chieftain, Jermak, the conqueror of Siberia.

Hagerstown, Md.—Farm hands, plowing near Williamsport this spring, turned up a nest of 100 bullets that had been buried by the Thirteenth Massachusetts regiment when it was encamped during the Civil war in Bowery woods, on the Springfield farm. Some of the caps on the bullets were preserved and the powder is still vital.

LANSING NOTES

The Gansley Case.

Equally divided, the supreme court affirmed the conviction of Jacob Gansley of Lansing, who was found guilty of violating the corrupt practices act by contributing \$500 for the Lansing Brewing company during the local option campaign in 1914. Justice Stone wrote the opinion affirming Gansley's conviction and it was signed by Justices Steere, Moore and Person. The dissenting opinion was penned by Justice Brooke and was concurred in by Justices Kuhn, Ostrander and Bird.

The corrupt practices act of which Gansley has been found guilty of violating was passed at the 1913 legislature and was designed to purify Michigan elections. There is a provision to the effect that no officer, director, stockholder, attorney or agent or any other person acting for any corporation or joint stock company, except corporations framed for political purposes, shall pay any money of the corporation to any candidate or political committee for the payment of election expenses.

Some time before Gansley violated the law the attorney general had decided that a local option committee was a political committee, Gansley's contribution went to the Ingham County Personal Liberty League.

"I have read the title and the entire act under consideration with great care and I am convinced that it was not the legislative intent to include local option elections within its provisions," says Justice Brooke in the dissenting opinion. "If this is the impression created in my mind by a perusal of the title and the act, it seems entirely reasonable to believe that Gansley may have honestly acted under a similar impression."

"No citizen should be subjected to fine and imprisonment for the violation of a statute, the construction of which is open to so serious doubt as to its application as the one under consideration."

In the prevailing opinion Justice Stone says there is no reversible error and that the law is a valid exercise of the police power of the state. It is within the province of the circuit court to impose a fine of \$1,000 on Gansley and imprison him for two years.

Various Matters.

Injured workmen in Michigan received \$146,831.22 in compensation during May, according to the monthly report of the industrial accident board. The total number of accidents reported was 4,380, of which 18 were fatal. According to Secretary Dickson 696 new employers accepted the provisions of the law last month, thereby placing 7,667 additional workmen under the protection of the act.

Only five railroads and one express company have failed to pay their 1915 specific tax to the state according to Auditor General Fuller. The total amount of the tax was \$5,165,000 and only \$334,000 remains unpaid. Fifteen car leasing companies and 41 telephone companies have not paid in full. The Southern Michigan Telephone company still owes the state \$16,000.

Poor children of Battle Creek are to be given a taste of pleasure and the country air in a series of rides being arranged for them in automobiles donated by local Good Fellows.

Henry Dasher, who for years has been regarded as Kalamazoo's weather forecaster and recorder, is dead. For over 30 years Dasher has done nothing but make weather observations.

James Brown, 40, of Cleveland, is held at the Muskegon county jail, charged with threatening the life of William Baker, of Dalton township. Brown is charged, was caught by Baker in his home. He sprang on Baker with a knife but Baker took it from him.

The British official statement quotes the German official casualty lists for May as placing the total German losses in killed, prisoners and wounded at 102,507. This number, it is pointed out, brings the German total losses, exclusive of naval and colonial casualties, to 2,924,586.

St. Louis.—Plans for a woman's suffrage vote in Missouri next fall has been abandoned as a result of the Iowa defeat.

Chicago.—Chief Justice Richard E. Burke, of the Cook county criminal court, is dead. Burke was one of a score of victims made ill at the Mundelein banquet, held here several months ago when arsenic was placed in the soup in what is believed to have been an anarchist plot to kill all the diners.

Petrograd.—A monument has just been unveiled, at Novo Tcherkask, the only city of the Don Cossacks, to the famous Cossack chieftain, Jermak, the conqueror of Siberia.

Hagerstown, Md.—Farm hands, plowing near Williamsport this spring, turned up a nest of 100 bullets that had been buried by the Thirteenth Massachusetts regiment when it was encamped during the Civil war in Bowery woods, on the Springfield farm. Some of the caps on the bullets were preserved and the powder is still vital.

The supreme court has given the Port Huron Enging & Thresher Co. judgment for \$6,000 for highway taxes paid under protest in 1913.

IF BACK HURTS USE SALTS FOR KIDNEYS

Eat less meat if Kidneys feel like lead or Bladder bothers you—Meat forms uric acid.

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.

A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is still trouble.

SAGE AND SULPHUR DARKENS GRAY HAIR

It's Grandmother's Recipe to Restore Color, Gloss and Attractiveness.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is messy and troublesome. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this famous old recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, for about 50 cents.

Don't stay gray, try it! No one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after a few applications of two or three your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy and attractive.

Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire dark hair and a youthful appearance. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

Hot Water for Sick Headaches

Tells why everyone should drink hot water with phosphate in it before breakfast.

Headache of any kind, is caused by auto-intoxication—which means self-poisoning. Liver and bowel poisons called toxins, sucked into the blood, through the lymph ducts, excite the heart which pumps the blood so fast that it congests in the smaller arteries and veins of the head, producing violent, throbbing pain and distress, called headache. You become nervous, despondent, sick, feverish and miserable, your meals sour and almost nauseate you. Then you resort to acetanilide, aspirin or the bromides which temporarily relieve but do not rid the blood of these irritating toxins.

A glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, drank before breakfast for awhile, will not only wash these poisons from your system and cure you of headache but will cleanse

The Red Circle

by Albert Payson Terhune

AUTHOR OF "THE FIGHTER," "CALEB CONOVER," "SYRIA FROM THE SADDLE," ETC.
NOVELIZED FROM THE PHOTO PLAY OF THE SAME NAME BY WILL M. RITCHEY.

SYNOPSIS

"Circle Jim" Borden, named from a red birthmark on his head, has served a third prison term. One in each generation, always a criminal, has borne the Red Circle mark. Jim and his son Ted are the only known living of the Borden family. Lamar, a detective, is detailed to keep an eye on Jim. June Travis and her mother meet Jim as he is released. Jim and Ted are admitted. Next day Lamar sees the Red Circle on a woman's hand marked on a cigarette. June, marked with the Red Circle, robs Grant, a loan shark. Mary, June's nurse, discovers her theft and tells her she is "Circle Jim's" daughter, though Mrs. Travis does not know. Mary tricks Lamar. June, dressed as a boy, recovers Mary's coat from the police. Lamar visits "Smiling Sam," Jim's old crime partner. At the seaside June steals war invention plans from Todd Drew and sinks them in the sea with her boy's clothes. Sent to Burton by Smiling Sam, Alma La Salle paints the Red Circle on her hand and robs the guests at a ball. Mary sees her wash off the mark and points her out to Lamar who follows her back to town, captures her with the jewels and goes after "Smiling Sam."

EIGHTH INSTALLMENT

"PEACE AT ANY PRICE."

Inch by inch, the door began to give. Under the smashing blows of the two men the gap widened. A jagged rent appeared across the surface of the panel. One more mighty crash, and the improvised battering ram, and the door burst in. There was a hole in the secret door big enough for a slender man to wriggle through. Lamar dived head first into the breach, closely followed by his companion.

Into the inner room they plunged, and across it, guided by the noise of fighting outside.

The low door leading to the yard was ajar. Through the doorway hurried Lamar, bending double to clear its top. Across the yard he raced and out of the gate into the alley, arriving just as the two policemen were putting the finishing touches upon the subjugation of Mr. Thomas Dunn.

A crack on the head had momentarily dazed that industrious young battler, and before his cigarette-sodden brain could clear from the impact one of the policemen had snapped a pair of handcuffs around the prisoner's unwashed wrists.

"Now, then," said Lamar, briskly, "where's your boss?"

"Huh?" grunted Dunn.

"I say, where's your boss? Where's Sam Egan? Where is he hiding?"

Tom looked duly bewildered.

"I don't know no Sam Egan."

"One of you take him to headquarters," Max ordered. "The chief will find a way to make him talk. You two others go through the building, cellar to roof. I'm going back for another look around the shop. It'll be worth while, if I can find what I want."

A minute later Lamar was back in the wrecked cobbler shop. He had remembered the shoe that had rattled when he so idly played with it on his visit to Sam the previous day. And he set to work looking for it.

One respectable piece of footgear after another, he picked up from the heap in the corner of the room. And at last he found the shoe he sought.

With an awl he pried loose the run-down heel. It was hollow. Empty though the hollow now was, it corresponded in every way with that in the



Thrust the Hat Into it and Piled the Sand Over It.

shoe Alma La Salle had been carrying under her arm when she was arrested.

"No sign of Egan, either in this building or the next," reported a policeman, coming in as Max stood examining the hollow heel.

"Plenty of signs of him here, though," answered Lamar, holding up the shoe. "I've found what I was looking for. It's the link I needed to connect Smiling Sam Egan with the jewel thefts that have been bothering you people."

Ten minutes later Chief Allen was listening attentively to Max Lamar's story. Fifteen minutes later the following message was on its way to every town in the state:

"Wanted for Burglary and for 'Fence' Work: Samuel Egan, Alias 'Smiling Sam'."

"We'll have the city scraped for him, too, of course," added the chief, turning back to Lamar, "but there's not much use in that. He's too slick to hang around here. He'll beat it for the nearest out-of-town hiding place and lie low there till it's safe to travel farther."

And in "Smiling Sam's" case, the chief had diagnosed the procedure with the skill of a mind reader.

Sara, hastening through the yard at

and burning at the back of her right hand. She looked down at the hand. The Red Circle glowed vividly against the snowy flesh. At the same instant, an impulse seized and mastered her.

Darting forward from the base of the cliffs, June sped to where the hat lay forgotten on the beach. A little nearer to the water was a cavity, a foot or so deep, that some child with a pail and shovel had that morning dug in the soft sand.

June picked up the hat, priceless bird of paradise plumage and all, went to the hole in the beach, thrust the hat into it and piled the sand over it.

Then she glanced furtively along the shore. The bride was still hidden from view by the boathouse. A very devil of mischief danced in June's eyes. She caught up a seashell and wrote with it on the sand these words:

"That there may be peace, the Red Circle lady has destroyed the offending hat."

She neatly traced a border around this queer message, stuck up the parcel alongside it, and ran guiltily back to the shelter of the cliff.

Meanwhile, the bride, rounding the corner of the boathouse, had beheld her newly espoused lord and master sitting glumly on the keg, with his back to her. She took a step toward him, hesitated, waited a few moments in the hope that he might turn around, and then murmured indignantly to herself:

"No! I won't give in!"

She turned on her heel and started back to where she had been sitting. But she could not see the hat and parcel where she had left them. Her first thought was that someone had stolen them. Then, some distance down the beach, she caught sight of the parcel, standing upright in the sand, the marks of small feet leading to and from it.

Puzzled, the bride went to recover her lost possession. As she reached the parcel, she saw the writing in the sand—saw and read it. With a scream—her quarrel quite forgotten in this newer and greater tragedy—she ran wildly in search of her husband.

June waited no longer. With a sigh, she turned to retrace her steps homeward. Already, the Red Circle had faded again from her hand. Already she was repentant and disgusted at her insane prank.

Wondering how best she could make good the loss to Mrs. Lake, she

reached her own cottage. In the garden, talking to Mrs. Travis and Mary was Max Lamar, who had just arrived at Suriton, in answer to June's telegram, and who had come directly from the station to the Travis cottage.

June came in, upon the group as Mary, very red-faced and uncomfortable, was finishing a right untruthful version of the monkey-theft. June came to her relief.

"Good morning, Mr. Lamar," she said, taking his eagerly outstretched hand, "you didn't waste any time, did you. Come down to the beach and I'll show you where the monkey was stolen. I have some notes to show you, too. Notes I took on the case."

As she spoke, she led the way toward the garden gate. Lamar gladly hurried along at her side. Mary, with a worried look after them and a muttered excuse to Mrs. Travis, followed slowly and at a distance.

As June and Lamar went toward the pier, the girl drew from her belt the notes she had scribbled and handed them to Lamar. With great professional gravity he read them, suppressing a smile at their amateurish tone, and then put them in his pockets.

"These are very, very interesting, Miss Travis," he lied, "and they'll be a great help to me. Thank you for writing them out. I'll study them carefully, after I've—"

"Here is the pier," interrupted June. "The Italian was leaning against that stringpiece asleep. Mary says, when the woman—"

"Oh, June! June Travis!" broke in a voice just behind them. "What do you suppose has just happened?"

June turned to see Mr. and Mrs. Lake hurrying toward them. Scarcely waiting to acknowledge June's introduction of Lamar, the newlyweds burst into an incoherent joint recital of the lost hat mystery.

Lamar listened with scant interest—annoyed at this breaking up of his tete-a-tete with June—until the bride added:

"And the sign said, 'That there may be peace, the Red Circle lady has destroyed the offending hat!' Think of that! It—"

"What?" ejaculated Lamar, sharply. "Red Circle lady? You're sure?"

"Positive!" declared the groom. "We both saw it. She had written—"

"Come!" ordered Lamar. "Show me the place. Give me your camera. We'll photograph what she wrote. Then we'll have a specimen of her handwriting, anyhow."

He hastened off, guided by the Lakes. June stood transfixed with sudden panic. A light touch on her

arm made her start violently. Mary stood at her side.

"Mary!" panted the terror-stricken girl. "Listen! I'm in fearful trouble!"

In a half dozen sentences she told her story, ending with the scared whisper:

"He's going to photograph it. And—"

and he has specimens of my handwriting—those silly notes on the case—in his pocket. Oh, what are we to do?"

"To do?" echoed the valorous old woman, breaking into a run. "We're to get there first and rub out that writing in the sand. That's what we're to do. Run! There'll be time enough to scold you, afterward."

Along the shore they raced. But the distance between them and the other three was too great. Breathing fast and quite exhausted by their long run, they came alongside the Lakes and Lamar just as Max reached the upstanding parcel in the sands.

June almost sobbed aloud in sudden relief. The parcel tumbled was standing in an inch deep in water. The tide had crept in. Nature's pitying hand had sponged out the tell-tale handwriting.

"It—it was here!" Mrs. Lake was explaining, tearfully. "Just right here, Mr. Lamar. And—and now the tide's washed it all away. How horrid!"

Lamar had not come empty-handed to Suriton. That evening he called on June. As they sat in a window nook in the library of the cottage, he said:

"I have a surprise for you, Miss Travis. I meant to tell you about it this morning. But all that excitement about the monkey and the mysterious writing on the sand, drove it out of my mind."

"A surprise for me?" she asked. "A new clue in the Red Circle mystery?"

"Even more welcome than that, I think," he made answer, drawing something from his waistcoat pocket. "Look!"

He held up a pearl pendant that dangled from a slender gold chain. At sight of it, June cried out in joy:

"Oh, my pearls!" she exclaimed, rapturously. "My beautiful pendant that was stolen!"

"I told you how we found the jewels Alma La Salle stole at the ball," said Max. "I recognized this pendant. And I got leave to bring it back to you at once."

"Oh, thank you! Thank you a thousand times. How shall I ever be able

frame of mind. Patrolman O'Hara was in love. The brilliant summer moon, tonight, brought him momentary visions of the girl he wanted to marry. But common sense brought him far more clear visions of her obdurate old father who would not hear of such a marriage until Patrolman O'Hara should win promotion.

And, in a dead-and-alive suburb like Suriton, what earthly chance was there for promotion? There were few crimes to thwart or to detect in this peaceful resort. There were no lives to save—except of cramp-smitten swimmers, and the coast guard looked out for that. No, he might stick to this dreary job for another ten years without being promoted.

Patrolman O'Hara sighed. Luck was dodging him. That was certain. Yet he was forever looking for chances to distinguish himself. For instance, about a year ago, a famous metropolitan crook had arrived at the Suriton police station. O'Hara had read it six times. He had studied the picture of the crook's face until he felt he would know it a mile away.

But what good would that do? There was no chance that such an illustrious ornament of the metropolitan underworld as "Smiling Sam" Egan would drift into a place like Suriton. No possible chance that he—

Patrolman O'Hara turned a corner and came to a standstill as abruptly as if he had run into a stone wall. Fifty feet ahead of him was an all-night lunchroom—the only place on the block whose window lights were still burning.

In front of the lunchroom was a blackboard menu, setting forth the delights of various sturdy dainties at a comfortably low price.

And, in the full flare of the window light, his hat pushed back on his forehead, stood a man, hungrily reading the menu.

Patrolman O'Hara had not studied that police circular for nothing. At a glance he recognized the man beside the blackboard menu. It was the crook whose rogue's gallery photograph was reproduced on the circular. It was "Smiling Sam" Egan.

Patrolman O'Hara had visions again—this time visions of swift promotion. His chance had come! He stepped forward.

At sight of him Egan wheeled and began to shuffle away into the comparative darkness of the moonlit street. That was quite enough for Patrolman O'Hara. With a shout, he gave chase.

Sam, at sound of the quickened steps behind him, broke into a run. Patrolman O'Hara's last doubt vanished. Innocent men do not run when a policeman gives chase. At least, not innocent men who bear so striking a resemblance to the police photograph of "Smiling Sam" Egan.

Patrolman O'Hara whipped out his pistol. Halting (everybody but a fool knows the perilous uselessness of firing when one is running), the officer pulled trigger. The roar of the heavy-caliber shot split the silence of the summer night.

A second time he fired. Sam did not check his run. Lowering his revolver, Patrolman O'Hara got his own long legs into motion and sprinted in pursuit.

Long legs must ever win a race against short. Speedily Patrolman O'Hara gained upon his quarry, as Sam dashed aimlessly up one street and down another. Presently he was almost within an arm's length of the puffing fugitive. Another ten seconds and his hand would be on Egan's collar.

"Halt!" bawled O'Hara. "Halt, or I'll shoot!"

Sam turned in at the entrance of an alley and with a final spurt of speed ran up the alleyway. O'Hara, close behind. The policeman's finger was on the trigger. He lacked the patience to run his winded man down. Instead, he made good his threat by firing again. Purposely he aimed high, but he was no marksman, and the effect of his bullet filled him with the wildest consternation.

For "Smiling Sam" swerved sharply in his run, gave a coughing cry, staggered forward upon his knees, halt rose, then tumbled prone upon his face in the mud of the alley.

"Good Lord!" groaned Patrolman O'Hara, suddenly unknerved and shaken with nausea, "I've killed him! I've—I've murdered a man!"

He stuck the pistol into his belt and went forward to where the inert body lay. Hesitatingly he turned the huge, lifeless bulk over on its back and stopped to feel the heart.

And in the very same moment the murdered man came to life.

Patrolman O'Hara felt himself clutched by a sinewy, thick hand, whose fingers dug deep into his throat. Egan, with his other hand, wrenched the pistol from O'Hara's belt and transferred it to his own pocket.

Then, with both hands and arms and legs, he proceeded to grip the dumfounded officer and lay him flat and helpless on his back.

O'Hara struggled as manfully as his stark surprise would permit. But he was no match for the giant strength of his foe.

In a few seconds Egan was standing above his beaten opponent, pistol leveled. Ignorant of the countless ruses of metropolitan crooks, O'Hara could not, for the life of him, understand how "Smiling Sam" had been stone dead one instant and alive and unharmed the next.

But he had scant time for conjecture.

"Get up!" commanded Egan, menacing him with the revolver. "So! Now just you run around that corner, Mr. Officer, and run around it double quick! Run, and keep on running!"

Patrolman O'Hara hesitated, his wits still befuddled. Egan leveled the pistol at his stomach, the weapon's black muzzle a bare three inches from the policeman's belt buckle. Patrolman O'Hara, in sudden fright, did as he was bidden. He bolted down the alleyway as fast as his long legs would carry him.

Meantime as Sam had foreseen, the sound of shots had brought people from their homes on the jump. Several men—a policeman among them—were running along the next street, calling confused questions as they ran.

Where Art Thou?

By Rev. Wm. Wallace Ketchum
Director of the Practical Work Course,
Moody Bible Institute of Chicago

TEXT—And the Lord God called unto Adam, and said unto him, "Where art thou?"—Gen. 3:9.

So far as we know this is the first question God ever asked man. It is the question God asked Adam after Adam sinned and was trying to hide himself from the presence of God.

Sin always, consciously separates one from God so that the sinner ever tries to get away from the presence of the Almighty. For this reason men close the Bible which brings their face to face with God. This is the

reason why some men never darken a church door, they fear that they may meet God. You know we are told that Adam tried to hide himself amidst the trees of the garden just as if material things could shut out God's view of him, as if God's eye could not penetrate the trees and see Adam where he was. "The eyes of the Lord," says one of old, "run to and fro throughout the whole earth." And the Psalmist asks, "Whither shall I go from thy spirit or whither shall I flee from thy presence? If I ascend into heaven, thou art there; if I take the wings of the morning and dwell in the uttermost parts of the sea; even there shall thy hand lead me, and thy right hand shall hold me. If I say, surely the darkness shall cover me; even the light shall be hid about me: Yea, the darkness hideth not from thee; but the night shineth as the day; the darkness and the light are both alike to thee." How utterly impossible it is to get away from God. There is no way for man to escape the Almighty; neither earth nor heaven nor hell has in it a hiding place from him. Dark ness cannot shut man from his vision. It may hide his deeds so that men may not see them, but the eyes of the Almighty not only penetrate through faky blackness but search the innermost recesses of a man's being.

God did not ask this question of Adam because he was ignorant of Adam's place in the garden, but he asked it to bring Adam to a realization of his sinful condition, that he might reveal himself to Adam as his savior. This same question he has been asking men down through the ages and he has been asking it for the same reason. Not always in the same words, but nevertheless the same question. He asked it of Cain when he said, "Where is thy brother?" and Cain knew himself a murderer. He asked it of Elijah, when he said, "What doest thou here, Elijah?" and Elijah knew he was not trusting God. He asked it of the woman of Samaria, when Jesus said, "Go call thy husband," and the woman knew herself an adulteress. He has been asking it of you many times and in many ways. He asked it of you when you heard the first time the story of Calvary, and every time you hear the story the same question is asked, "Where art thou?" Calvary is the great revelation of man's sinfulness and God's grace. There, as nowhere else, one sees himself a sinner and there one beholds God's provision to meet his need.

He asked it of you when that great sorrow came into your life. Did you not hear him say, "Where art thou?" Not to condemn you, did he ask it, but to reveal himself unto you as your comforter. He asked it of you when your loved one left you alone. In the loneliness of your life he asked it, that you might find in him your companion. When that calamity came and all your hopes seemed blasted it was his voice that said, "Where art thou?" Didst thou not hear him, child, say this to thee, that thou mightest cast all thy care upon him who careth for thee? Dear indeed hast thou been to the voice of thy God, if thou hast not heard his loving question. Where art thou? If thou hast heard this question and in the stillness of his presence realized where thou art and found in him thy savior, happy art thou indeed. But if he has spoken to thee in his providences, as well as his word, and thou hast not heard, to what pitch must his voice be raised until thou dost hear and heed? Even now in these words he asks thee, "Where art thou?" Not to condemn thee, but to save thee from thyself, thy sorrow, and thy sin.

Trouble.

There is something sustaining in the very agitation which accompanies the first shocks of trouble, just as an acute pain is often a stimulus, and produces an excitement which is transient strength. It is in the slow changed life that follows in the time when sorrow has become stale and has no longer an emotive intensity that counteracts its pain, in the time when day follows day to fall unexpectant sameness, and trial is a dreary routine; it is then that despair threatens; it is then that the peremptory hunger of the soul is felt, and ear and eye are strained after some unlearned secret of our existence which shall give us endurance the nature of satisfaction.—George Eliot.

Christian's Task Not Hard.

To follow Christ does not of necessity involve anything new or unwonted; to be perfect in him does not always need change. There remains only to persevere in lowly obedience to what the conscience witnesses to be the calling wherein he looks to find us when he cometh forth to see how his servants have received their talents till he come.—Rev. T. Carter.

reason why some men never darken a church door, they fear that they may meet God. You know we are told that Adam tried to hide himself amidst the trees of the garden just as if material things could shut out God's view of him, as if God's eye could not penetrate the trees and see Adam where he was. "The eyes of the Lord," says one of old, "run to and fro throughout the whole earth." And the Psalmist asks, "Whither shall I go from thy spirit or whither shall I flee from thy presence? If I ascend into heaven, thou art there; if I take the wings of the morning and dwell in the uttermost parts of the sea; even there shall thy hand lead me, and thy right hand shall hold me. If I say, surely the darkness shall cover me; even the light shall be hid about me: Yea, the darkness hideth not from thee; but the night shineth as the day; the darkness and the light are both alike to thee." How utterly impossible it is to get away from God. There is no way for man to escape the Almighty; neither earth nor heaven nor hell has in it a hiding place from him. Dark ness cannot shut man from his vision. It may hide his deeds so that men may not see them, but the eyes of the Almighty not only penetrate through faky blackness but search the innermost recesses of a man's being.

God did not ask this question of Adam because he was ignorant of Adam's place in the garden, but he asked it to bring Adam to a realization of his sinful condition, that he might reveal himself to Adam as his savior. This same question he has been asking men down through the ages and he has been asking it for the same reason. Not always in the same words, but nevertheless the same question. He asked it of Cain when he said, "Where is thy brother?" and Cain knew himself a murderer. He asked it of Elijah, when he said, "What doest thou here, Elijah?" and Elijah knew he was not trusting God. He asked it of the woman of Samaria, when Jesus said, "Go call thy husband," and the woman knew herself an adulteress. He has been asking it of you many times and in many ways. He asked it of you when you heard the first time the story of Calvary, and every time you hear the story the same question is asked, "Where art thou?" Calvary is the great revelation of man's sinfulness and God's grace. There, as nowhere else, one sees himself a sinner and there one beholds God's provision to meet his need.

He asked it of you when that great sorrow came into your life. Did you not hear him say, "Where art thou?" Not to condemn you, did he ask it, but to reveal himself unto you as your comforter. He asked it of you when your loved one left you alone. In the loneliness of your life he asked it, that you might find in him your companion. When that calamity came and all your hopes seemed blasted it was his voice that said, "Where art thou?" Didst thou not hear him, child, say this to thee, that thou mightest cast all thy care upon him who careth for thee? Dear indeed hast thou been to the voice of thy God, if thou hast not heard his loving question. Where art thou? If thou hast heard this question and in the stillness of his presence realized where thou art and found in him thy savior, happy art thou indeed. But if he has spoken to thee in his providences, as well as his word, and thou hast not heard, to what pitch must his voice be raised until thou dost hear and heed? Even now in these words he asks thee, "Where art thou?" Not to condemn thee, but to save thee from thyself, thy sorrow, and thy sin.

Trouble.

There is something sustaining in the very agitation which accompanies the first shocks of trouble, just as an acute pain is often a stimulus, and produces an excitement which is transient strength. It is in the slow changed life that follows in the time when sorrow has become stale and has no longer an emotive intensity that counteracts its pain, in the time when day follows day to fall unexpectant sameness, and trial is a dreary routine; it is then that despair threatens; it is then that the peremptory hunger of the soul is felt, and ear and eye are strained after some unlearned secret of our existence which shall give us endurance the nature of satisfaction.—George Eliot.

Christian's Task Not Hard.

To follow Christ does not of necessity involve anything new or unwonted; to be perfect in him does not always need change. There remains only to persevere in lowly obedience to what the conscience witnesses to be the calling wherein he looks to find us when he cometh forth to see how his servants have received their talents till he come.—Rev. T. Carter.

reason why some men never darken a church door, they fear that they may meet God. You know we are told that Adam tried to hide himself amidst the trees of the garden just as if material things could shut out God's view of him, as if God's eye could not penetrate the trees and see Adam where he was. "The eyes of the Lord," says one of old, "run to and fro throughout the whole earth." And the Psalmist asks, "Whither shall I go from thy spirit or whither shall I flee from thy presence? If I ascend into heaven, thou art there; if I take the wings of the morning and dwell in the uttermost parts of the sea; even there shall thy hand lead me, and thy right hand shall hold me. If I say, surely the darkness shall cover me; even the light shall be hid about me: Yea, the darkness hideth not from thee; but the night shineth as the day; the darkness and the light are both alike to thee." How utterly impossible it is to get away from God. There is no way for man to escape the Almighty; neither earth nor heaven nor hell has in it a hiding place from him. Dark ness cannot shut man from his vision. It may hide his deeds so that men may not see them, but the eyes of the Almighty not only penetrate through faky blackness but search the innermost recesses of a man's being.

God did not ask this question of Adam because he was ignorant of Adam's place in the garden, but he asked it to bring Adam to a realization of his sinful condition, that he might reveal himself to Adam as his savior. This same question he has been asking men down through the ages and he has been asking it for the same reason. Not always in the same words, but nevertheless the same question. He asked it of Cain when he said, "Where is thy brother?" and Cain knew himself a murderer. He asked it of Elijah, when he said, "What doest thou here, Elijah?" and Elijah knew he was not trusting God. He asked it of the woman of Samaria, when Jesus said, "Go call thy husband," and the woman knew herself an adulteress. He has been asking it of you many times and in many ways. He asked it of you when you heard the first time the story of Calvary, and every time you hear the story the same question is asked, "Where art thou?" Calvary is the great revelation of man's sinfulness and God's grace. There, as nowhere else, one sees himself a sinner and there one beholds God's provision to meet his need.

He asked it of you when that great sorrow came into your life. Did you not hear him say, "Where art thou?" Not to condemn you, did he ask it, but to reveal himself unto you as your comforter. He asked it of you when your loved one left you alone. In the loneliness of your life he asked it, that you might find in him your companion. When that calamity came and all your hopes seemed blasted it was his voice that said, "Where art thou?" Didst thou not hear him, child, say this to thee, that thou mightest cast all thy care upon him who careth for thee? Dear indeed hast thou been to the voice of thy God, if thou hast not heard his loving question. Where art thou? If thou hast heard this question and in the stillness of his presence realized where thou art and found in him thy savior, happy art thou indeed. But if he has spoken to thee in his providences, as well as his word, and thou hast not heard, to what pitch must his voice be raised until thou dost hear and heed? Even now in these words he asks thee, "Where art thou?" Not to condemn thee, but to save thee from thyself, thy sorrow, and thy sin.

Trouble.

There is something sustaining in the very agitation which accompanies the first shocks of trouble, just as an acute pain is often a stimulus, and produces an excitement which is transient strength. It is in the slow changed life that follows in the time when sorrow has become stale and has no longer an emotive intensity that counteracts its pain, in the time when day follows day to fall unexpectant sameness, and trial is a dreary routine; it is then that despair threatens; it is then that the peremptory hunger of the soul is felt, and ear and eye are strained after some unlearned secret of our existence which shall give us endurance the nature of satisfaction.—George Eliot.

Christian's Task Not Hard.

To follow Christ does not of necessity involve anything new or unwonted; to be perfect in him does not always need change. There remains only to persevere in lowly obedience to what the conscience witnesses to be the calling wherein he looks to find us when he cometh forth to see how his servants have received their talents till he come.—Rev. T. Carter.

reason why some men never darken a church door, they fear that they may meet God. You know we are told that Adam tried to hide himself amidst the trees of the garden just as if material things could shut out God's view of him, as if God's eye could not penetrate the trees and see Adam where he was. "The eyes of the Lord," says one of old, "run to and fro throughout the whole earth." And the Psalmist asks, "Whither shall I go from thy spirit or whither shall I flee from thy presence? If I ascend into heaven, thou art there; if I take the wings of the morning and dwell in the uttermost parts of the sea; even there shall thy hand lead me, and thy right hand shall hold me. If I say, surely the darkness shall cover me; even the light shall be hid about me: Yea, the darkness hideth not from thee; but the night shineth as the day; the darkness and the light are both alike to thee." How utterly impossible it is to get away from God. There is no way for man to escape the Almighty; neither earth nor heaven nor hell has in it a hiding place from him. Dark ness cannot shut man from his vision. It may hide his deeds so that men may not see them, but the eyes of the Almighty not only penetrate through faky blackness but search the innermost recesses of a man's being.

God did not ask this question of Adam because he was ignorant of Adam's place in the garden, but he asked it to bring Adam to a realization of his sinful condition, that he might reveal himself to Adam as his savior. This same question he has been asking men down through the ages and he has been asking it for the same reason. Not always in the same words, but nevertheless the same question. He asked it of Cain when he said, "Where is thy brother?" and Cain knew himself a murderer. He asked it of Elijah, when he said, "What doest thou here, Elijah?" and Elijah knew he was not trusting God. He asked it of the woman of Samaria, when Jesus said, "Go call thy husband," and the woman knew herself an adulteress. He has been asking it of you many times and in many ways. He asked it of you when you heard the first time the story of Calvary, and every time you hear the story the same question is asked, "Where art thou?" Calvary is the great revelation of man's sinfulness and God's grace. There, as nowhere else, one sees himself a sinner and there one beholds God's provision to meet his need.



William Farnum in "The Broken Law", at the Grayling Opera House, Sunday evening, June 18th.

Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......75
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JUNE 15

Local News

W. J. Teare, foreman of the DuPont plant, spent Sunday in Bay City with friends.

Nels P. Olson lost a valuable little pony this morning. It dropped dead on the street.

Miss Celia Hiltzke of Cheboygan is a guest of the Misses Cassidy, arriving yesterday afternoon.

Fred Edwards returned last Friday from Flint to spend the summer vacation at his home here.

Mrs. J. C. Foreman and Miss Marie returned Tuesday from a few weeks' visit in Grand Rapids and other places.

Kirk Kitchen left Sunday night to spend several days in Bay City, and Flint, visiting his brother Carl, at the latter city.

Miss Gaynell Washer, after several weeks pleasantly spent at the M. A. Bates home, returned Monday to her home in New York.

Leo Angers, a former resident of this city, but now of Pinconning spent several days here this week visiting his boyhood friends.

It was not surprising that official notice is received from Ann Arbor that Grayling school will continue on the preferred University list.

Mrs. John Larson left last Friday for Harper hospital, Detroit where she is receiving medical treatment. She was accompanied by her husband.

Miss Emma Peterson is home from Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, for a four week's vacation, and is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Peterson and friends.

Chris Larson had one of his hands badly lacerated and the other cut quite badly, when he got them caught in a saw at the band mill last Friday afternoon, while at work.

Mrs. C. Parker of Bay City, arrived Monday afternoon to attend the graduation exercises of the Eighth grade, in which her grandson, Gordon Davidson took part. She is spending a few days at the Davidson home.

BOYS: As a little outing you are invited to join with the Boy Scouts Saturday morning at 7:00 o'clock at Danebod hall and go to the Hatchery park and help clean it up. Bring your rakes.

Rev. and Mrs. Kiplhede and L. C. Buegaard are in attendance at the annual convention of the Danish Lutheran churches of American being held at Newell, Iowa, this week. Mr. Buegaard is attending as delegate from the local church.

Prof. Tyler of Traverse City, in his commencement address last night said that he saw more drunken men on our streets yesterday afternoon than he could see in Traverse City in two weeks. Some opinion to carry home with him, surely.

First at Finish!
I'm Little, but, Oh, My!



In the race of life you want to win. I can help you. I'm doing great things for others. Why not for you? Make me run for you.

Girl wanted for general housework. Inquire at Avalanche office.

Mrs. Geo. Lather and two children drove over from Traverse City and spent Sunday at the M. A. Bates home. Miss Irene Lather remained for a longer visit with Miss Mildred Bates.

It was a very regrettable and noticeable fact that Flag day was almost forgotten in Grayling. Very few of the homes and business places hung out "Old Glory," and as far as we know none of the public institutions. No doubt it was forgotten.

Mrs. A. J. Joseph left yesterday afternoon for Clare, Mich., to attend the Senior graduation exercises of the Clare High school, as her sister, Miss Ruth Ryan is a graduate of this year. Mrs. Joseph will return home in a couple of weeks, spending several days in Saginaw.

County rally Michigan dry campaign will be held at Grayling, next Thursday afternoon and evening. Speakers will be Supt. Matt Mullen, Traverse City, Mrs. E. L. Calkins, president State W. C. T. U. and Mrs. Jennie Carlie, of Rochester.

W. P. Lovett, Lansing, Mich. On Wednesday, June 7, Miss Margaret Duffy of Detroit, and Peter Peterson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hans Peterson of this city were united in marriage at the parsonage of the SS. Peter and Paul Cathedral in Detroit. The happy couple arrived here Thursday morning on their wedding trip and spent several days, guests at the Peterson home. Congratulations and best wishes are extended to them by their friends. They will be at home to their friends in Detroit.

W. P. Lovett, Lansing, Mich. On Wednesday, June 7, Miss Margaret Duffy of Detroit, and Peter Peterson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hans Peterson of this city were united in marriage at the parsonage of the SS. Peter and Paul Cathedral in Detroit. The happy couple arrived here Thursday morning on their wedding trip and spent several days, guests at the Peterson home. Congratulations and best wishes are extended to them by their friends. They will be at home to their friends in Detroit.

A. L. Ditzel of Bay City, has accepted a position with the DuPont plant and taken up his residence here.

L. B. Merrill, of Beaver Creek township, is exhibiting a stalk of alfalfa with a root ten feet long, planted one year ago.

Paul Ziebell is absent from the Sallings, Hanson Co. store, and is confined to his home with a severe attack of erysipelas.

H. H. Woodruff, 75 years old, a pioneer resident of Roscommon county, one of northern Michigan's prominent attorneys, and a member of the constitution convention, died at his home there Tuesday morning of heart disease.

The Danish Brotherhood Lodge of Grayling, with their families and friends has been invited to assist in dedicating the new D. B. S. building at Detroit, July 1. The lodge has accepted the invitation, and will leave here on the day of July 1 at 5:50 a. m. so as to be in time for the banquet at 7:30 p. m.

The committee in charge of the Grayling Boosters trip to Bay City, June 29, wish to urge all who can, and are planning on going, to notify C. J. Hathaway at the earliest possible moment. This is imperative as we must know soon the probable number, one hundred being necessary to insure a special train.

Ye editor enjoyed a few days visit, Saturday to Monday from his old friends, J. B. Olney of Grand Rapids, and Editor Ernest Blake of Scottville. There is probably no recreation that may be more pleasing than a trout-fishing trip. Full satisfaction was attained in this line in a boat trip from Grayling to the Henry Stephan resort, down the main stream of the Au Sable.

Miss Margaret Joseph, who is a student in the Milwaukee Normal school has had a most successful year, standing highest of any of the students in her percentages in trigonometry, analytic geometry and arithmetic. She is also vice president of the high school. She is home to spend the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Joseph, and will return in the fall to Milwaukee to continue her studies.

Vacation time is again here, and those attending schools and colleges at different places, have to quit to arrive home to enjoy the furlough, from their school duties. Misses Margaret Joseph, who has been spending in different subjects at a Normal school in Milwaukee, and Helen Bauman, who has been attending the Lasell Seminary at Auburndale, Mass., both arrived home the latter part of last week.

P. G. Zalsman has been busy the past week improving the Hatchery park by laying out a scenic driveway through the park. The driveway is 16 feet wide and about one-third of a mile in length. It runs in graceful curves, crossing and re-crossing. The trees in the park are mostly oak with some pines and varieties of bushes. Next to the driveway the trees have been trimmed to allow better vision. By the aid of the Boy Scouts next Saturday it is intended to clean the place of brush and limbs, when it will be one more beauty spot added to Grayling. There are no funds provided for improvements except \$75.00 that Mr. Zalsman made on one of his entertainments last fall. The writer had the pleasure of the first ride over the driveway, and while it is still a little rough, it was greatly enjoyed. Of course we rode in Mr. Zalsman's "Limousine" which got there all right without anyone being bounced out and no broken backs. No other autos being in the park he didn't use his horn, besides it wouldn't have been necessary for anyone could hear the "limousine" puffing and snorting the moment it came out of the garage—some bus! "P. G." is enthusiastic in his work and takes pride in having things look nice and we only wish we had more such men. He says that he is going to meet the Boy Scouts with his "auto" Saturday morning and take them up to the ground, but we would advise them to hike—it's better going.

A Russian dancer is said to have the most perfect foot in the world. That's as good an excuse as any for being a high stepper.

Dentists assert that one's gold tooth is not necessarily a mark of beauty. Why rob some of us homely people of our consolation?

Some men hate all bosses except the one who doubles wages and commands employees to take a week off and fish or lose their jobs.

Great Britain plans to turn the clocks ahead in order to save daylight. But the European night with its bad dreams is too long.

Paragraphs.

The peeka-boo parol is the frockie's true friend.

The shortage in paper, however, will not discourage the love letter.

The worst enemy of free speech is the man who abuses the privilege.

It is about time for the 1920 model automobiles to appear on the market.

Some of the new bathing suits look as if they would be ruined if they got wet.

This year's bridegroom is up to the bridegroom's usual grade of inconspicuousness.

Speaking of debts never paid in full, there is the rent that keeps running on and on.

At any international crisis speculators are always genuinely alarmed—for themselves.

Paraphrasing the saying about a broom, one might say that a new janitor also sweeps clean.

Once we get the American girl into the army there will be no keeping the young men out.

The scientist who has taught a monkey to call him "papa" probably doesn't care what people think.

A natural association of ideas should keep aviators out of Switzerland for fear of the holes in the air.

The present style of wearing putty-colored shoes ought also to be a great relief to the dyestuff situation.

We are beginning to think the latest discoverer of cheap gasoline is the man who has just sold his flyver.

This is the time of year when a man is willing to work very hard at almost anything except his regular job.

A good way to get one's mind off the war is to go to a ball game, where all minor considerations are forgotten.

Nobody but a well-advertised film star has all sorts of companies bringing suits against him when he quits his job.

A girl may boast that she has never been kissed, but it doesn't make her angry if you refuse to believe the statement.

"Pie is more vital than poetry," says a western governor. Yet he'd look fine quoting a piece of pie in one of his speeches.

British censors opening the United States embassy's personal mail will be pleased to learn that all are well back home.

You can bring young America up to the tune of "I Didn't Raise My Boy to Be a Soldier," but you can't make him sing it.

About the only advantage accruing to a blind, deaf and dumb traveler is that the suspicious nations won't take him for a spy.

With two-cent near-gasoline a possibility it remains for some near-gasoline to give us a five-cent flyver to go with it.

The automobile is a source of fine exercise, says a western physician, who must have just removed a quick detachable tire himself.

A conceited man usually starts a conversation in this manner: "Now I'm not conceited, but in justice to myself I must say that—"

Whenever a man reaches the age of fifty without getting married, it is a sign that either the girls are on to him or he is on to himself.

From the wall of the barber, one would think that the home-owned razor rather than the plain gold band, was the badge of matrimony.

One drawback about working while you have the gout is that it takes your mind off the gout and gout is such a sweet thing to think about.

It is said that bachelor girls are rather slow to take advantage of leap year. Maybe that's because there is a poor crop of bachelors to pick from.

A Japanese cabinet maker can make a veneer one thousandth of an inch thick. Some hypocrites must have had their veneering done in Japan.

Wages go up because prices go up; prices go up because wages go up; and the same thing over and over again until we get tired thinking about it.

A well-meaning doctor in referring to the fear of osculatory germs tells courting couples to go on kissing. Bless his heart, they have never stopped.

It is claimed that a preparation to make the place of gasoline has been discovered. This may prevent the owners of "flyvers" from carrying out their threat to hitch hags to their cars.

Alexander Graham Bell says the best thinking is done after midnight. We certainly know that the fastest thinking is done after midnight if your car happens to be awake when you go home.

For Sale

One lot; cottage and lot; Ford roadster; Canine row-boat motor; stationary engine, two-horse power, and power washer. Inquire of R. N. CARR, Portage Lake.

WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No ad. taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

WANTED—Supt. A. A. Ellsworth can accommodate a limited number of students for six weeks of work, beginning Monday, July 3.

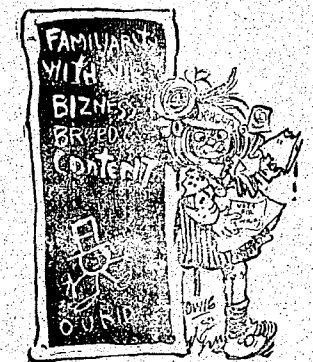
FOR SALE—Overland Roadster. Recently overhauled; now in A1 condition. Will sell cheap if taken at once. Phone evenings 1061; daytime 562. Reason for selling, have two cars. Fred Welsh. 6-15-17

FOR SALE—Four ledgers, for book-keeping. Call Mrs. Nelsius Nelson, or inquire at this office.

FOR RENT OR SALE—My house on Chestnut street. Address Mrs. J. Douglas, Lovells or apply at Avalanche office.

LOST—A red cow with white stripe full length of back, and with bell \$5.00 reward for its return. Address V. Nielson, Route No 1, box 93, Roscommon, Mich. 6-1-2

FOR SALE—Good work horse, weight 1100. Will work single or double, nine years old. Phone 261, Frank Freeland. 4-6-17



English golfers refuse to abolish the stymie. Golf in England to be a pleasure must be made as disagreeable as possible, we presume.

The cry for anilles arouses a natural inquiry as to what has become of the old-fashioned grandmother who used to dye 'em a butternut brown.

"It is the same old circus that's coming," says the average citizen. But deep down in his heart he says to himself: "It is the same dear old circus."

The average American eats 165 pounds of meat a year, says a statistical crank. The average American has more money than we gave him credit for.

The head of the Boston Health school says the danger of getting germs from kissing is all tommyrot. Thus does experience wallop theory out of the ring.

When it comes down to brass tacks, the young man of fiber and quality is not very apt to choose a cigarette-smoking girl for a wife—not if he has brains enough to grease a gimlet.

A fleet college girl has just run 100 yards in a bit over 12 seconds. But it is more than likely the spectators were not chiefly interested in her time.

If American airplane manufacturers can make highly efficient machines for the belligerents in Europe, they ought to be able to turn out a few first-class aeroplanes for Uncle Sam.

There are some men who are willing to be the traveling secretary of the society for the prevention of the propagation of English sparrows, and pay their own expenses, rather than to have no office at all.

FISK

Non-Skids

have the reputation among car owners of representing more dollar-for-dollar value than you can buy in any other tire.

The Cost Is Less

Compare them with plain tread prices of several other standard makes.

Prices on Fisk Grey Non-Skid Casings
3 x 30 . . . 10.40 4 x 35 . . . 31.20
3 1/2 x 30 . . . 13.40 4 x 36 . . . 31.55
4 x 33 . . . 22.00 5 x 37 . . . 37.30

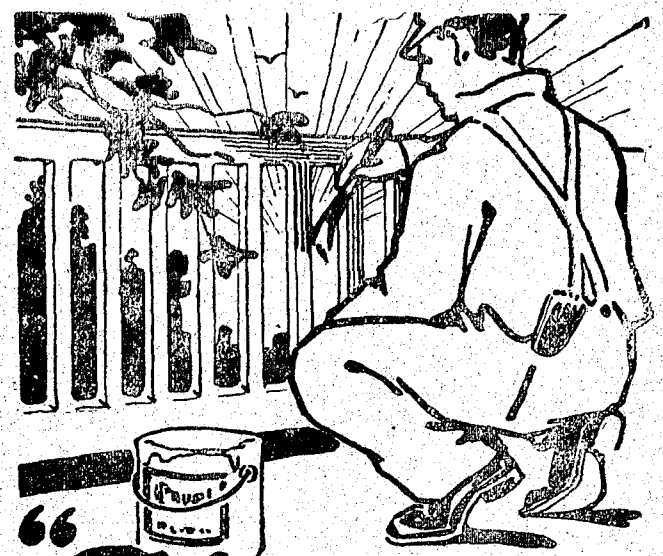
Fisk FREE service in more than 125 direct Fisk Branches. Promptest attention assured both tire dealer and user.

Grayling Machinery Repair Co.

Fisk Branches in More Than 125 Cities

Time to Re-tire?

(Buy Fisk)



Clean Up and Paint

WING into line with the Spirit of Springtime; take a tip from old Mother Nature. Maybe your house would look better for a coat of paint; or possibly the fence, outbuildings or screens seem a little dingy in the bright spring sunshine. How about your floors? Are they showing heel-marks? And has some of the furniture been scratched up?

Painting, or varnishing, will not only beautify, it will make the wood last so much longer that it's actually cheaper to paint than not. Paint fills the cracks and holes where germs lurk, makes for sanitation. Spring calls for *Paint*. Heed the call of Spring!

The Best Place to Buy Paint

We have all kinds of paints, varnishes and brushes, at the most reasonable prices. Drop in and look them over.

SORENSEN BROS.

The Home of Dependable Furniture.

Most Successful Merchants
Are the Biggest Advertisers.

When you want
ENGRAVED WEDDING CARDS
WEDDING INVITATIONS
STATIONERY
See
The Crawford Avalanche
PRINTING and ADVERTISING. GRAYLING, MICH.
AGENTS FOR **HARCOURT & CO. Louisville, Ky.**
MANUFACTURING ENGRAVERS
Prices Quite as Reasonable as Consistent with Quality.



DREESE'S TALKS

For nearly three months I have been neglecting you. During this time I have been talking to the people of Grayling and vicinity through the Avalanche and I don't just know how many of you good people it reaches. Many of my good customers are coming without invitation, and I still find there is a big chance for development along this line. Nevertheless I am unable to understand why you people persist in paying 10, 12½ and 15 to 25c more for some articles than I am charging. This may be a trifle for me to worry about, but it is enough to make me understand. But a part of you are fully acquainted with my store and my mode of doing business. At any rate I am here going to quote you some prices that will be well for you to look into.

You never saw such a hard time to get good merchandise at a price, but leave that to me; I am finding it. When I tell you I can save you one-half on straw and felt hats on some lines and still make my profit, I am putting it mild; also on a certain line of shoes that I purchased. It is no further from you to my store than it is from me to you, when I call and deliver you this earnest talk. This will be the banner month for people to trade—from now until the fourth. That's why I get busy. I trust this bill will lead you to my store, not out of curiosity, but a real ardent customer. So why not like others, get the habit and go to Frank's.

Ladies' Togs

Ladies' Corset Covers 15c, two for 25c
Ladies' Corset Covers, embroidered and lace trimmed with silk ribbon, worth 36c for 25c
One lot worth 50c for 36c
One lot worth 75c for 49c
One lot worth 85c for 69c
Beautiful Silk Crepe de Chine Corset Covers in flesh color and white, for only \$1.50
Beautiful Crepe de Chine combination suit, worth \$5.00, for \$3.50
Ladies' Muslin Underwear and Night Gowns, worth 75c for 48c, embroidery or lace
One lot worth \$1.00 for 69c
Ladies' Drawers, open or closed, extra values for 25c
Ladies' Muslin Underskirts, embroidered, worth 75c and \$1.00, for 48c and 69c
Ladies' Knit Gauze Vests, worth 10c for 8c, 2 for 15c
Nosings, worth 15 and 20c for 12½c
Ladies' best values in extra sizes, worth 36c for 25c
Ladies' hosiery, my line is still complete in whites, blacks, for 10c
Our 15c, two for 25c, are special values at this opportune time
Ladies' Silk Hose, worth positively 35c, in tans, whites and blacks, for 25c; are the talk of the town
One line worth 50c for 36c
One line worth 75c for 49c
Extra fine black values \$1.00
TO THE MOTHERS: Don't miss your children's hosiery, in whites, blacks and tans. This store is wide awake, taking advantage of opportunities to please you, 10c and 15c, two for 25c
LADIES' APRONS: One lot, especially large, at 50c
One lot worth 50c for 45c
Children's Wash Suits at 25c to 50c. Are great values
Don't let it rain on you or the sun shine too hot, you may melt or dissolve, when you can buy umbrellas for 69c
Ladies' Raincoats from \$3.89 to \$4.85
LADIES' CLOAKS: A word to the late buyer. You are buying just now at an advantage. You waited, and why not? So did I. I am buying at a lower price than I did at the first of the season.

Ladies' Togs

Coats that were formerly worth \$9.85 for \$6.85; \$12.50 for \$9.95
A few \$15.00, \$16.00 and \$18.00 for \$10.45, consisting of white plaids, tans and blues
Ladies' Skirts in white and Palm Beach, worth \$1.85 for \$1.45
One line worth \$5.00 for \$3.45, in piques and linens
I bought a lot of silk poplins in champagne, lemon and lavender, worth \$1.25 for 90c
Silk Crepe worth 75c and 80c, to close for 49c, in white, tan, maize, rose and green, most beautiful and delicate shades and hard to get, mind you
LADIES' MILLINERY: I am positively selling ladies' trimmed hats worth \$3.50 for \$2.48, and my \$5.00 hats at \$3.95. They have certainly caused people to say, how can you do it?
LADIES' CORSETS: Those extra length I bought in large quantities, bulk, worth 75c for 50c. No boxes with these corsets and no strings. Yes, we'll give you one.
The noted Dr. Warner's rust proof corsets that I bought in good quantities, worth \$1.25, I am still holding down at \$1.00, while they last
Think of it, Ladies' Fine Shoes, patents and gunmetal with tan and gray poplin tops, worth \$3.25 for \$2.48, in lace and button
Ladies' slippers—over 144 pairs. These consist of plain toes, patent toes, Martha Washington style, rubber gores in front, also in sides, rubber or leather heels, worth \$1.69 and \$2.50, for \$1.29. Your choice sizes from 3 to 7. The bargain of your life
Ladies' Lace Shoes, blacks only, positively worth \$2.00 and \$2.25, in broken sizes, for \$1.48
One line worth \$2.50 and \$2.75 for \$1.88, lace only. These are some bargains these times. I was lucky to get them and you are still luckier to have me offer them at that price
Ladies' white and champagne wash kid shoes, \$5.00
Having picked up some bargains, ladies' wash kid pumps, positively worth \$5.00, for \$3.75
Ladies' and Children's Tennis Shoes that I bought in large quantities, is putting it utterly too mild. That enables me to sell them at the price I here

Ladies' Togs

advertise—Child's 45c; misses' 48c; ladies' 50c; in white, various sizes from 50c to 69c. Are prices that causes them to move rapidly
Ladies' save trouble and time by buying your oilcloth at Frank's, in various colors, for 15c, worth 23c
Ladies' Middy Blouses in white and various colors at 47c. Blouses positively worth \$1.00, for 89c
Ladies' House Dresses 89c, worth \$1.00
Ladies' White Voile Dresses, beautifully embroidered or lace trimmed, worth \$7.00, my price \$5.48
One lot worth \$5.00 and \$6.00 for \$3.89, while they last. One lot worth \$4.00 for \$2.98
Children's White Lawn Dresses, beautifully embroidered, worth \$1.00 and \$1.25, for 75c. One lot worth \$2.50 for \$1.87
Ladies' Waists, consisting of voiles and lawns, embroidered, worth \$1.00 and \$1.25, for 75c and 95c
A beautiful line of Silk Waists just purchased from New York at \$1.25, with colored collars and cuffs
One line of Silk Crepe de Chine Waists, actually worth \$3.00, for \$2.48. Plain whites also with colored collars and cuffs
Ginghams and Percalés—I handle them in mill end lengths, suitable for dresses, can't be duplicated for 10c and 15c, for 8c and 12½c

Men's Togs

I got them and just in the nick of time—50 dozen Men's Work Shirts, ranging in price from 42c to 50c, and they have advanced since that
Men's fine Dress Shirts have advanced, but what's that to me as long as I bought them right. I am still selling them at 69c and 98c. I had my eyes open and was listening to the purr
Men's Sox 5c and 10c. Let other stores advance them, I am going to sell them at the above price. I like to be busy
Men's silk leg top hose only 19c. The greatest value of your life for only 25c

Men's Togs

Men's Belts. I bought a line of samples in blacks, tans and gray, worth 75c for 45c. One line worth 25c for 19c. One line worth 50c for 36c
One line of Men's Straw Hats in samples, worth 35c for 18c
One line of Children's Hats, worth 25c, for 15c, two for 25c
Men's Canvas Gloves, 10c values for 8c
Men's Felt Hats, worth 2.50 for \$1.25, in various colors. 2.00 hats for \$1.00
One line of Men's Shoes, Elk style, my price \$1.98, in black and brown
One line worth 2.50 and 2.75 for \$2.29
One line of Men's Heavy Work Shoes, worth 2.50, blucher, my price \$1.98
One lot of Tan Bluchers, worth 3.25 for \$2.75
One lot worth 3.50 for \$3.00. These are a live ad for this store. Are they wearers? I'll say so and so will you say so.
Men's Red Rubber Boots \$3.29
Men's Red Thigh Fishing Boots \$3.90. They speak for themselves
Dress Shoes, worth 3.00, lace or button, \$2.48
One line worth 3.50 for \$2.89
A full and complete line of Dress Shoes for men who care, 3.50 and \$4.00
The noted Florsheim at \$5.00, for ease and comfort. I have all styles to fit your feet and I take great pains in doing so
Men's Gray Sweaters, military collars, at 69c. I have them. Just the thing for this changeable weather
I am selling Men's Suits, in blue, striped and brown, and young men's blue serge at \$9.95 that is hard to duplicate at 12.50
I have a beautiful line of men's blue serge suits at \$15.00, worth 17.00
One lot of Men's Pants, worth 1.25, for 98c
Men's union and separate piece suits at 45c

Dear people and customers, farmers, mechanics, railroad men and berry pickers: This ad appeals directly to you. This is your last final opportunity on summer goods before the big patriotic day. It sounds like a joke to me when people say, "I have heard of you, but I have never been in your store before." I am continually looking out for your interests in bargains. I don't care how cheap you buy an article, if you haven't the heart to sell it accordingly, you're not an advertiser or benefactor to the advancement of your cause. This will be my last ad to you until you hear that warning in my fall circular telling about my fortunate purchases in fall lines which I am going away to get and bring you the glad tidings.

FRANK DREESE

The Lemon Colored Store opposite the County Jail

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN

HORSE IS DYING OF BROKEN HEART

United States Trooper Who Rode Him Loses His Life in Mexico.

REFUSES TO EAT OR DRINK

Animal Almost Kills Trooper Who Tries to Take Place of Former Master—How the Drama Came to Columbus.

Columbus, N. M.—There's a horse in Columbus dying of a broken heart. He's sound in wind and limb, but he won't eat or drink, and he's slowly starving to death.

When the Tenth regiment of colored troopers went into Mexico, Private George Hudnell of Troop C rode him. And when "stables" sounded on the bugle at the end of a long, dusty hike, Hudnell was by the side of his mount. Hudnell cared for him as he might for a child.

All the little intimacies that bind man and animal together were present in an accentuated degree between the two. Hudnell carried sugar in his pocket. The horse nosed the pockets three times a day. Hudnell went without tobacco many, many times that he might buy from the troop cook the sweets the animal loved. Nights when it snowed in the Sierras, and Colonel Dodd's cavalymen, with one blanket and orders against a fire, shivered through the long hours, Hudnell slept on the picket line close up against the horse's neck.

Other animals might kick and roll and bite on the line, but Hudnell's horse was different.

Then, on March 29, came the first brush between the Americans and Villa men. Hudnell and the horse

came through safely. But two days later Hudnell was one of a dozen troops injured when a Mexican railroad train rolled down an embankment. He died later.

Nearly Killed Trooper.
Hudnell's horse was assigned to another trooper, whose mount had been killed at Guerrero. The new rider, who knew how Hudnell treated the horse, tried to follow suit. He carried sugar in his pockets. The horse quit eating sugar. One cold night the trooper tried to sleep on the picket line as Hudnell had done. The horse rolled on him, and would have trampled him to death had not a stable guard interfered in time to drag the man away.

Hudnell's horse, formerly the example of every other troop horse in the outfit, became unmanageable.

At first the horse was to be shot. A lieutenant pleaded with the captain, and the death verdict was withdrawn.

"If you can use him, take him," was the answer.

So the horse was held until an ambulance corps went north.

halter, behind the jolting wagon, the horse went north, too.

He's in the veterinarian's corral now. They try to make him eat. A nibble or two of even the best oats, and the horse stops. Sometimes a negro trooper approaches the corral. The horse pricks up his ears and trots up, expectancy in every move. But the ears drop and the brisk gait stops, and the thinning sides droop pitifully. The horse doesn't make mistakes and Hudnell is gone.

"I've known of cavalry horses that loved their riders," said the white-haired veterinarian, "but never this way. One of the officers believed that to call the horse by name might bring him around. But it seems that Hudnell used to call him 'Baby,' and we don't seem to say it like he did."

How the Drama Came to Columbus.
Theatrical records that will be handed to posterity should contain the name of "Young Joe" Gorman. "Young Joe" has made a name for himself in Columbus, and in the role of a tank town Frohman has literally "dragged the drummer" into the border country.

Not only did "Young Joe" build a theater, but he imported perforated tickets, and, above all, a company.

When the soldiers came to Columbus there was a lone movie show to entertain them. It's hard to get good pictures down here. So "Young Joe" Gorman started musing.

"A girl show," he opined, "would make money here."

First a theater was needed. An 18-foot board stage, benches and some corrugated iron slabs to fool the "dead heads" quickly settled that problem. Lo! Columbus had an "airdrome," with the stars for a roof.

Getting the talent proved more difficult. But here Dame Fortune, that capricious old damsel that continually smiles on her sons of fortune, came to the rescue.

A "girl show" went broke in El Paso. They managed to get to Denning, the county seat, where they went still broke. That made it fine for Joe.

With his limited capital, he lifted the lien on the scenery and costumes, loaded ten girls and four men of the defunct company on a motor truck and

started across the desert for Columbus.

Now "Young Joe" Gorman is in a fair way to make a fortune.

Hen Lays Six Eggs.
Wellington, Conn.—A white leg-horn hen celebrated her birthday by laying six eggs, all at one cackle. She had stopped laying a week ago.

The hand that swats the fly is the hand that keeps away disease.

Better times in sight—the price of golf balls is going down, so they tell us.

We have Mother's day and Baby week, but what's there for poor daddy?

Truth crushed to earth will rise again, but it's different with a busted aeroplane.

Pity the poor old bachelors, who have no children, that "want to see the circus."

A fundamental error is the one your opponent makes when he first begins to disagree with you.

People who have nothing to do but kill time are sometimes likely to make a rather brutal job of it.

Let's all say something nice about the weather just now while the saying happens to be good.

A Western doctor says Americans eat too much salt. Still it cannot be said that they lack pepper.

Too many of us do not care who handles our food or how, provided it comes on the table looking pretty.

Silk and Wool Poplins Are Plaid.
Wonderful plaid and striped silks and wool poplins are to be seen in advance tentative showings in some of the shops. The texture of this fabric is delightfully soft and the wool it contains gives it just that quality of warmth necessary to the first spring garments.



Children Like Ice Cream

Why not give it to them—it has been proven by experts that ICE CREAM gives the greatest energy and builds the finest tissues—with the least waste—it has MORE FOOD VALUE and will build more strength than most of the food we are now eating.

Could you give the children anything better?

It's a pure, wholesome, tissue building food.

Let the kiddies have plenty of it.

Let it act as their dessert during the hot summer months.

A. M. LEWIS, YOUR DRUGGIST

Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JUNE 15

Join Hathaway's big crowd of satisfied watch owners.

Mrs. Chas. H. DeWaele of Roscommon spent Sunday here.

See Wm. Farnum, the \$100,000 star, at the Opera house next Sunday night.

Don't miss the ice cream social at Danebod hall next Thursday afternoon and evening.

A baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Phelps, Jr. of Bay City on Monday, June 5th.

Miss Marie Anderson left last Thursday afternoon to visit relatives and friends in Saginaw.

Truth is a jewel, but if we tell too much of it we are liable to get our blocks knocked off.

Keep right on reading the home paper. It is the patriotism that leads to the right kind of preparedness.

Miss Anna Nelson, who is taking a course of nursing at a hospital in Grand Rapids is visiting at her home here for several days.

Mrs. Sarah Phelps and niece, Mrs. Lee Wells, both of Bay City arrived last Friday afternoon and are guests at the J. C. Burton home.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Rosenstand of DuPont avenue, are the proud parents of a fine baby boy, born last Saturday morning, June 10th.

Fred Narrin stopped off here Friday for a short time. He was enroute to his home in Sigma, after being in attendance at the funeral of his brother at Holly.

E. R. Woodburn—a former resident of this city, sustained injuries while at work on the railroad at Jackson, that has laid him up so that he is forced to walk with crutches having his right knee in a plaster Paris cast.

Dr. Stanley N. Insley and Dr. C. R. Keyport are attending the annual meeting of the National Physicians and Surgeons at Detroit this week. Mrs. Keyport accompanied her husband.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. E. Bingham and daughters are entertaining Mrs. Bingham's mother, Mrs. F. J. Strong of Hillsdale, and sister, Mrs. Mary E. O'Brien of Ypsilanti, who arrived Monday. They expect to remain for an indefinite time.



An EVEREADY FLASHLIGHT

with its guaranteed Tungsten long service battery and Mazda lamp, assures you an instantaneous light wherever and whenever you may need it. Come in. Let us show you.

For the Man who Works in the Dark

Glad Sorenson & Sons

Electric Bulbs and Spark Plugs

For All Makes of Cars

Subscribe for the Avalanche.

Summer jewelry—Belts, coat chains, bracelet-watches, brooches, etc. at Hathaway's.

You may be next! Why don't you buy some Fire Insurance?

GEO. L. ALEXANDER & SON.

Glen Congdon of Gaylord attended the Class exercises of the Senior class at the Auditorium last Tuesday evening.

Seven auto loads attended a dancing party at Lovells last Saturday evening, and all report having a fine time.

Crawford County Grange No. 934 will hold Memorial services at the G. A. R. hall, Saturday June 17th. Come one, come all. 6-8-2

LADIES—Don't miss getting several pairs of shoes or Oxfords at our special sale. And get a couple of pairs for the girls. Grayling Mercantile Co.

Mrs. Barnard Conklin and son, John returned home last Thursday from Detroit after a several weeks visit with her sister, Mrs. Scott Loader and family.

The ladies of the M. E. church will give a supper in the church Friday evening, June 16th, from 5 until 7:30 o'clock. Supper 25 cents. Program afterwards free of charge. All are cordially invited.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Pond returned Monday morning to their home in Bay City, called there unexpectedly by the death of a sister-in-law. They had been spending several weeks here visiting relatives and friends.

Tire repairing—Don't forget that we are still in the tire repairing and vulcanizing business. We guarantee our work to be the best and prices the lowest. Try us on an order. Phone country line, 2 long, 1 short and 1 long. J. R. Skingley.

CRUSHED TO DEATH UNDER WHEELS AT ROSCOMMON.

Charles N. Dargis, Brakeman on M. C. Killed Friday Morning.

Charles N. Dargis, of Bay City and employed as a brakeman on the Mackinac division of the Michigan Central railroad, was killed at 7:30 o'clock at Roscommon, last Friday morning. At five o'clock Mr. Dargis was called out on a run south from here and at Roscommon, as is the usual duty of the brakeman, Mr. Dargis, carrying a pile of waste, went along the adjoining track looking for hot boxes, when a train that was switching in the railroad yards at Roscommon, backed upon him, and he fell beneath the wheels. Both legs were severed from his body and his head and arms badly crushed, and he lived but a few minutes after being struck. The body was taken to his home in Bay City on the afternoon train.

The family formerly resided in Grayling, and are well known. The friends of the wife and children extend their most sincere sympathy in their very sad loss of their husband and father. Mr. Dargis was 41 years old and had been employed on the railroad for several years. He was well liked by his fellow workmen, a number of whom were in attendance at the funeral, which was held Tuesday morning at nine o'clock from St. Mary's church in Bay City, with interment in St. Patrick's cemetery. Besides the sorrowing wife, three children survive—Misses Mabel and Florence, and Master Philip.

Mercy Hospital Notes.
Thos. Sheridan of Wolverine, who suffered injuries, when a horse stepped on him is getting along nicely.
George Monzo of Lewiston entered the hospital Monday with an injury to the spine.
Miss Catherine Tirk, one of the nurses, who has been quite ill, is convalescing.
Mrs. Joseph Peterson of T-Town, underwent an operation recently and is getting along very well.

Mrs. A. P. Grommesch and little daughter, Mary Fernon arrived the forepart of June from North Yakima, Washington, and are spending the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Richard A. McPeak in Bay City. Mrs. Grommesch was before her marriage, Miss Catherine McPeak of this city. She expects to visit relatives and friends here before returning to her home in the west.

Miss Grace Jacobs, ex-principal of the Grayling High school is a pleasant guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Leece, and is visiting friends in the city. Miss Jacobs arrived last Friday to be in attendance at the Commencement exercises and expects to return home next Monday. On account of ill-health Miss Jacobs has not taught this term, but has been at her home in Owosso, and in fact has been confined to her bed during most of the time, since last August. At Easter time she began to recover, and is now feeling much improved. We are glad to have her with us at this time.

Bulletin No. 5 just issued by the State Historical Commission is a little volume of rare value, breathing the spirit and romance of Mackinac Island and the Mackinac country, the Indians the furtraders and the missionaries in the days, when Michigan was young. It contains the newest map of Mackinac with descriptive and explanatory notes of over two hundred places of natural and historical interest on the island. The volume is issued free for the pleasure and profit of the people, who may by its aid learn more about their beautiful northern park, Mackinac Island. Anyone may obtain a copy without cost by addressing a post card to the Michigan Historical Commission, Lansing, Michigan.

FOOT REST HOSIERY
FOR ALL THE FAMILY

TRY A PAIR FOR LONGER WEAR

The family that wears Foot Rest hosiery is saving money. There is a Foot Rest hose for every member of the family from baby up and for the price they cannot be equaled for quality. Next time you are in our store see these famous hose.

Foot Rest Hosiery
For Children, 10c-15c-25c
For Women, 10c-15c-25c-50c-\$1.00
For Men, 10c-15c-25c-50c

J. A. HOLLIDAY
5, 10 and 25c Store
GRAYLING, MICHIGAN

WISE RULES OF CONDUCT

Stephen Allen, once mayor of New York city, carried these maxims in his pocketbook:

Never be idle.

Make few promises.

Always speak the truth.

Never speak evil of any one.

Be just, before you are generous.

Keep your own secrets, if you have any.

Good character is about all things else.

Drink no kind of intoxicating liquor.

Never play at any kind of game of chance.

Never borrow if you can possibly avoid it.

Keep yourself innocent, if you would be happy.

Make no haste to be rich, if you would prosper.

When you speak to a person, look him in the face.

Save when you are young, to spend when you are old.

Ever live (misfortunes excepted) within your income.

Avoid temptation, through fear you may not withstand it.

Never run into debt unless you see a way to get out again.

Good company and good conversation are the sinews of virtue.

Small and steady gains give competency with tranquillity of mind.

Your character cannot be essentially injured except by your own acts.

When you retire to bed, think over what you have been doing during the day.

If anyone speaks evil of you, let your life be such that none will believe him.

If your hands cannot be usefully employed, attend to the cultivation of your mind.

Read these rules at least once a week.—Rehoboth Sunday Herald.

QUERIES

Why isn't a heretic a religious mugwump?

Why isn't a hand organ grinding out airs a windmill?

If a woman's no means yes, what does her yes mean?

Why does patience always choose a monument to roost on?

Why don't contractors put sticking plaster on walls of houses?

Why shouldn't children's gloves always be of the "kid" variety?

Did you ever hear of a man getting married for the purpose of having someone play the piano for him?

WAILINGS OF A WIDOWER

Man's mission in life is to pay for what his wife wants.

Go to a bachelor for pointers on the art of managing a wife.

A piece of a woman's mind often disturbs a man's peace of mind.

A married woman soon acquires the knack of averaging things up. She figures that her \$28 bonnet and her husband's \$2 lid represent an average of only \$15 each.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Ambition is a balloon which carries no parachute.

The average man would rather compromise than fight.

Usually the man who shakes the tree gets the least fruit.

He who thinks only of himself has very little to think about.

Kleptomania is one of the least unprofitable forms of insanity.

One rarely sees an old man who is afflicted with self-conceit.

A man isn't necessarily stingy because he keeps his promises.

Some men would growl about the weather if it rained silver dollars.

Never write a popular novel. The public may expect you to do it again.

Samson was the first actor to bring down a house—and he was killed in the fall.

Some people never succeed in finding out which side of their bread is buttered until they drop it.

Notice.

The curfew bell is now ringing at 8:45 as a warning that it is time for the children to vacate the streets and retire to their homes. Parents are asked to assist the officials, to see that this ordinance is enforced.

By order of Council.

M. Brenner,

Marshal.

New Arrivals in Ladies' Waists and Sport Skirts

You will want one of these cool white skirts for summer wear. Several styles in Corduroy, Linen and Pique, and they are all washable—\$1.50 to \$6.00.

A Big Shipment of Shoes for Summer Wear Just Arrived

High tops for ladies in kid and patent—\$4.00 to \$5.50

Of Special Interest to Women and Children



About 300 pairs of Ladies' and Girls' Shoes and Oxfords, in black and tan, lace and button, one and two pair of a kind, all sizes in the lot, are placed on sale for quick selling. Prices are from

1-4 to 1-2 Off

Come early, for we expect a quick clearance at these prices.



Each Pair Marked at Reduced Prices

Grayling Mercantile Co.

The Quality Store

CLEAN UP AND PAINT UP.

To Remove "For Rent" Signs.

By E. T. TOBEY,

President Real Estate Bureau,

Little Rock, Ark.

It is not surprising that houses which are for rent should be without tenants, because in most cases such houses are unpainted, the steps are rickety and the porches not in repair.

The number of vacant houses in any city is largely due to the negligence of the landlord himself. I recently took two ladies out, trying to find for them a desirable six or seven room house to rent. I was unable to find anything to suit them, either on my own list or on the lists of other real estate firms, and these ladies were not exacting in their wants. They were shown a few houses of the desired size, but the houses were not in good condition. It is true that some of the landlords say they are willing to make certain repairs for a good tenant, but it has been my experience after years in the business, that it is best to put your house in attractive shape first and you will quickly get a tenant.

Houses that are kept repaired and painted not only rent better, but they greatly improve the looks of the city.

Good Morning.

"How are you this morning?" "All right." "That's good, but say, did you see that ad. N. H. Nielsen had in the paper last week about Surface Slate shingles?" "Yes." "What do you think of them?" "Well, I believe they're alright. I saw him the other day, and he said that he will never have any other on his house. He said they are a little higher priced at the start, but they will pay in the long run. Well, I got to go in the house, so Good-bye." adv.

Good Morning.

"How are you this morning?" "All right." "That's good, but say, did you see that ad. N. H. Nielsen had in the paper last week about Surface Slate shingles?" "Yes." "What do you think of them?" "Well, I believe they're alright. I saw him the other day, and he said that he will never have any other on his house. He said they are a little higher priced at the start, but they will pay in the long run. Well, I got to go in the house, so Good-bye." adv.

Good Morning.

"How are you this morning?" "All right." "That's good, but say, did you see that ad. N. H. Nielsen had in the paper last week about Surface Slate shingles?" "Yes." "What do you think of them?" "Well, I believe they're alright. I saw him the other day, and he said that he will never have any other on his house. He said they are a little higher priced at the start, but they will pay in the long run. Well, I got to go in the house, so Good-bye." adv.

Good Morning.

"How are you this morning?" "All right." "That's good, but say, did you see that ad. N. H. Nielsen had in the paper last week about Surface Slate shingles?" "Yes." "What do you think of them?" "Well, I believe they're alright. I saw him the other day, and he said that he will never have any other on his house. He said they are a little higher priced at the start, but they will pay in the long run. Well, I got to go in the house, so Good-bye." adv.

Good Morning.

"How are you this morning?" "All right." "That's good, but say, did you see that ad. N. H. Nielsen had in the paper last week about Surface Slate shingles?" "Yes." "What do you think of them?" "Well, I believe they're alright. I saw him the other day, and he said that he will never have any other on his house. He said they are a little higher priced at the start, but they will pay in the long run. Well, I got to go in the house, so Good-bye." adv.

Good Morning.

"How are you this morning?" "All right." "That's good, but say, did you see that ad. N. H. Nielsen had in the paper last week about Surface Slate shingles?" "Yes." "What do you think of them?" "Well, I believe they're alright. I saw him the other day, and he said that he will never have any other on his house. He said they are a little higher priced at the start, but they will pay in the long run. Well, I got to go in the house, so Good-bye." adv.

Good Morning.

"How are you this morning?" "All right." "That's good, but say, did you see that ad. N. H. Nielsen had in the paper last week about Surface Slate shingles?" "Yes." "What do you think of them?" "Well, I believe they're alright. I saw him the other day, and he said that he will never have any other on his house. He said they are a little higher priced at the start, but they will pay in the long run. Well, I got to go in the house, so Good-bye." adv.

Good Morning.

"How are you this morning?" "All right." "That's good, but say, did you see that ad. N. H. Nielsen had in the paper last week about Surface Slate shingles?" "Yes." "What do you think of them?" "Well, I believe they're alright. I saw him the other day, and he said that he will never have any other on his house. He said they are a little higher priced at the start, but they will pay in the long run. Well, I got to go in the house, so Good-bye." adv.

Good Morning.

"How are you this morning?" "All right." "That's good, but say, did you see that ad. N. H. Nielsen had in the paper last week about Surface Slate shingles?" "Yes." "What do you think of them?" "Well, I believe they're alright. I saw him the other day, and he said that he will never have any other on his house. He said they are a little higher priced at the start, but they will pay in the long run. Well, I got to go in the house, so Good-bye." adv.

Good Morning.

"How are you this morning?" "All right." "That's good, but say, did you see that ad. N. H. Nielsen had in the paper last week about Surface Slate shingles?" "Yes." "What do you think of them?" "Well, I believe they're alright. I saw him the other day, and he said that he will never have any other on his house. He said they are a little higher priced at the start, but they will pay in the long run. Well, I got to go in the house, so Good-bye." adv.

Good Morning.

"How are you this morning?" "All right." "That's good, but say, did you see that ad. N. H. Nielsen had in the paper last week about Surface Slate shingles?" "Yes." "What do you think of them?" "Well, I believe they're alright. I saw him the other day, and he said that he will never have any other on his house. He said they are a little higher priced at the start, but they will pay in the long run. Well, I got to go in the house, so Good-bye." adv.

Good Morning.

"How are you this morning?" "All right." "That's good, but say, did you see that ad. N. H. Nielsen had in the paper last week about Surface Slate shingles?" "Yes." "What do you think of them?" "Well, I believe they're alright. I saw him the other day, and he said that he will never have any other on his house. He said they are a little higher priced at the start, but they will pay in the long run. Well, I got to go in the house, so Good-bye." adv.

STRAWBERRIES

T
R
A
W
B
E
R
R
I
E
S

First Michigan Strawberries will arrive this week. We have just closed a contract with a grower to furnish us with fresh berries daily.

So let us have your order whether you are in the habit of dealing with us or not. We will take care of your order and guarantee you good canning berries.

Remember the first Berries are always the best

H. PETERSEN, Where Quality, Service and Price is maintained

Eat More and Pay Less

Are You Interested in the Economical Management of Your Household Expenses, Especially in the Important Subject of Table Expense? Read This:

There are two ways in which you can curtail your monthly table expense. One is to buy a very cheap grade of provisions and groceries, which, while apparently cheap in price, are yet even cheaper in quality, are lacking in the proper nourishment, and eventually lead to the impairment of your health. The other and better way is to buy only articles of guaranteed purity. Such articles are rich in the life sustaining nutriment and hence require a less amount to satisfy the demands of nature. You can readily see that in the end they are by far the cheaper, because they stimulate health, prevent doctor bills, and prolong your life and usefulness.

This Store Handles Only a Pure and Guaranteed Grade of Groceries and Provisions, but we Sell Them at Popular Prices. Try them.

DeWaele & Son

GROCERS

The Home of Good Things to Eat

The Crawford Avalanche

Crawford County's Home Paper

Our advertisements bring results

Sorenson Bros.

The Home of Dependable Furniture.



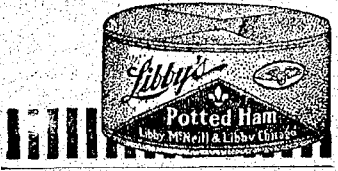
No bother to get summer meals with these on hand

Libby's Vienna Style Sausage and Potted Meats

Just open and serve. Excellent for sandwiches.

Insist on Libby's at your grocer's.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago



THE HIGH QUALITY SEWING MACHINE
NEW HOME

NOT SOLD UNDER ANY OTHER NAME

Write for free booklet "Points to be considered before purchasing a Sewing Machine." Learn the facts.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO., ORANGE, MASS.



KILL ALL FLIES! They Spread

Placed anywhere, they fly off and kill all flies, mosquitoes, and other insects.

Harold Somers, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PLEASED THE WOODPECKER

Bird Takes Kindly to Tin Barricade Erected Against Its Peckings.

Mrs. John Pozor of Main street, Newton, N. J., feared that a fine shade tree on her lawn would be killed by a woodpecker that appeared there every day and pecked away at a hole which he was making larger and larger.

Therefore she had her husband tack a sheet of tin over the hole when the bird was absent.

Refusing to be discouraged and pretending he does not know the difference, the woodpecker now goes to the tree every day and pecks away like a trip hammer on the tin sheet.

The neighbors are nearly crazy with the noise, and there is a law against killing woodpeckers.

She Didn't Smile.

The young woman had spent a busy day.

She had browbeaten 14 salespeople, bullied a floorwalker, argued viciously with a milliner, laid down the law to a modiste, nipped in the bud a taxi chauffeur's attempt to overcharge her, made a street car conductor stop the car in the middle of a block for her, discharged her maid and engaged another, and otherwise refused to allow herself to be imposed upon.

Yet she did not smile that night when a young man begged:

"Let me be your protector through life!"—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Preposterous Notion.

"A man with your responsibilities ought not to spend an afternoon at the baseball park without making some arrangements so you can be communicated with when there is an important deal on foot."

"And perhaps be interrupted just when one of our players knocks a three-bagger and ties the game?" replied the ardent fan. "I wouldn't think of taking a chance like that."

According to Precedent.

"Now, this is the sort of musical comedy I enjoy."

"Yes?"

"So far there hasn't been a single reference to 'dear old Broadway.'"

"Umph! Just you wait. The comedian is supposed to be capping now on an island in the South sea, but he'll get back to Broadway before the show is over somehow or other."

Her Reply.

"We started housekeeping on fifteen dollars a week."

"If you were to try that now, ma, you and pa would starve to death before your honeymoon was over."

A Man's Worth

depends upon his power to produce what the world recognizes as of value.

And when you skirmish around you'll find that this power—which is just power of mind and body—depends to a remarkable degree on the food one eats.

For highest accomplishment one must have the best values in food—food which builds well-balanced bodies and brains.

Grape-Nuts

FOOD

has that kind of value. It contains all the nutriment of whole wheat and barley, including the important mineral elements so often lacking in the usual dietary.

Grape-Nuts comes ready to eat, is easy to digest, nourishing, economical, wonderfully delicious—a help in building men of worth.

"There's a Reason"



Good company, and good conversation are the sinews of virtue.—Stephen Allen.

I shall count nothing a failure but failure to do right.—Chas. Hughes.

LIGHT DESSERTS.

After a heavy meal a dainty custard of soufflé, something easy of digestion, should be served.

Coffee Creams.—Make a pint of very strong coffee; cool and add to it a cupful of thin cream, four eggs, slightly beaten, and four tablespoonfuls of sugar. Strain into small cups and place in a shallow pan, placing several thicknesses of paper under the cups. Put boiling water into the pan until it reaches half way up to the cups. Set into a moderate oven and cook gently until the custard is firm. Serve ice cold with small chocolate cakes.

Vanilla Soufflé.—Scald a cupful of milk, seasoned with a fourth of a teaspoonful of salt in a double boiler and mix in two tablespoonfuls of flour and two of butter, creamed together. Cook while stirring for ten minutes. Beat well the yolks of four eggs and three tablespoonfuls of sugar. Pour over the mixture in the double boiler. Flavor with orange rind and set away to cool. Cover closely and a half hour before serving turn fold in the stiffly beaten whites of four eggs; bake in a moderate oven 30 minutes. Serve with chocolate sauce.

Cream of Almond Pudding.—Cook together two tablespoonfuls of cornstarch, three teaspoonfuls of sugar, three cupfuls of milk and a dash of salt; cook ten minutes. Add a fourth of a pound of almond paste, rubbed smooth with a little of the hot mixture; add the whites of three eggs, beaten stiff and pour into a buttered mold; set in water to bake in a moderate oven about 30 minutes.

Sponge Pudding.—Take a pint of milk, a fourth of a cupful of sugar, a cupful of flour, a tablespoonful of butter and three eggs. Mix the sugar and flour together, then add a little of the milk while cold; stir it into the remainder of the milk boiling hot, and let it cook five minutes. Cool and add the butter and egg yolks; fold in the beaten whites and place in a buttered pudding dish set in water to bake half an hour. Serve with a creamy sauce.

The shortest and surest way to live with honor in the world, is to be in reality what we would appear to be; all human virtues increase and strengthen themselves by the practice and experience of them.—Socrates.

FOOD FOR THE INVALID.

A chafing dish, thermos bottle or a fireless cooker are all invaluable helps in caring for the sick. With an alcohol lamp one may heat a little broth or milk, thus saving many times a long trip to the kitchen and back, when time and strength are both valuable. A nurse to be at her best should never allow herself to get over-tired, for it is thus many serious mistakes have been made in caring for helpless people.

When cooking chicken for broth, or in fact for any purpose, scrub it well with a small vegetable brush with soda and water, then rinse and wipe dry. Cut in small pieces and put on in cold water, if to be served as broth. Let simmer five hours, strain, cool and remove the fat. This broth, because of the gelatin in the bones and tendons, will make a thick jelly when cold. Reheat and add boiled rice or barley; serve with a dash of salt in a pretty cup, piping hot.

Mutton broth should cook five hours and strain, then when cold remove every bit of the fat.

Triple Soup.—This is a soup that is such a favorite and so often recommended by physicians that it should be found in every home-nursing cook book. Use equal quantities of beef, lamb or mutton, and veal; add a pint of water to each pound of meat. Cut the meat in small pieces, adding the bones; cover with cold water and simmer for four hours. Strain and season with salt. Cool to remove the fat before using. A beaten egg may be added to either of the soups, but not allow it to cook at all, just simply add to the hot soup and serve. A tablespoonful of cream, with a sprinkling of celery salt is liked for variety when added to the chicken broth.

In the Days of Superstition.

The earliest record of a witch being burned to death is dated 1275, the witch confessing that she fed her offspring the flesh of babies. At Toulouse, in 1335, 63 persons were accused of being witches, eight of whom were burned and the others imprisoned for life. In 1324 Petronilla de Meila was burned at Kilkenney, Ireland, by orders of the bishop of Ossory. Some 75 years later there were wholesale witch prosecutions at Berne, Switzerland.

The Mystery Deepens.

You have heard of the woman who was shot between the kitchen and the woodshed. But the Erie dispatch recently went that story one better, like this: "The woman's body was found with two bullet wounds in the bathtub."—Associated Advertising.

No Trick About It.

Allice, aged three, stood watching her mother baking pancakes. After a few moments' silent observation she said: "That's easy; put on back, turn on stomach, then eat."

Never Mind the Rest.

"A 16-page letter from Tom! Oh what does he say?" "He says he's going to call this afternoon."—Life.

Spite, retaliation and revenge are so utterly ignoble, and so small and foolish as to be altogether unworthy of being noticed or harbored. No one who fosters such conditions in his heart can lift himself above the folly and suffering, and guide his life aright.—James Lane Allen.

FEW WAYS WITH STEAK.

A tough steak may, by careful cooking, become very palatable. Take a piece of steak that seems tough and pound as much flour as is possible to get into it. Sometimes with a small piece of meat a cupful and a half of flour may be pounded in. Use the edge of a heavy saucer to pound it in—then brown it in a little hot fat, add onions if desired, a little hot water and stew on the back part of the stove or in the oven until tender.

Spanish Steak.—Take six ripe tomatoes or one can, four onions, two chili peppers and one and a half pounds of round steak. Peel and slice the onions, fry a light brown. Cut the steak in serving-sized pieces and put the onions on top, then over these place the peppers and tomatoes, cut fine; add hot water, cover and cook for half an hour, either in the oven or on the back part of the stove.

Ranch Steak.—Grash a thick round steak on both sides, rub in flour; brown, sprinkle with three chopped peppers, cover with hot water and stew until tender.

Baked Round Steak.—Take a two-pound steak, cut in serving-sized pieces, score well with a knife. Place in a roasting pan, season, dredge with flour; add a few bits of butter and a slice of onion over the meat. Cover with water, place in the oven and bake slowly for an hour until tender.

Deviled Steak.—Take one large flank steak, one-half onion, two tablespoonfuls of butter, two tablespoonfuls of flour, one teaspoonful of salt, one-quarter teaspoonful of mustard, three tablespoonfuls of vinegar, two cupfuls of hot water. Melt the butter in a frying pan, slice the onion and fry in the butter. Remove the onion when brown, cut the steak in pieces, dip in flour and fry in butter. Remove the meat, add the salt, mustard, vinegar and pepper, then add hot water. Replace the steak, cover closely and let simmer until tender. Dish on a platter with the gravy poured over it and garnish with brown potatoes.

The man who cannot forgive any mortal thing is a green hand in life.—M. L. Stevenson.

The last resort of wisdom stamps it true. He only earns his freedom and existence Who daily conquers them anew.—Adelaide Proctor.

FEW NICE CAKES.

When eggs are reasonable a sponge or angel cake is not at all expensive, as no butter is needed, yet such cakes are not always liked. The following is a light, delicious cake:

Delicate Yellow Cake.—Put a half cupful of butter, a cupful of sugar and the yolks of seven eggs into a warm bowl and beat until light; add two cupfuls of flour, sifted, with two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and a half cupful of water, beat two minutes; flavor with grated lemon rind or orange rind and bake in a sheet.

Ribbon Cake.—Put two tablespoonfuls of butter, a cupful and a half of sugar, an egg and two yolks of eggs into a warm bowl and beat until light; then add two and a half cupfuls of flour, a cupful of milk, and three teaspoonfuls of baking powder; beat again hard for two minutes; flavor and divide, pour into three tins, and reserve the amount for the last tin to add a tablespoonful of cocoa, a teaspoonful each of cloves, nutmeg and a half cupful of chopped raisins. Pour the layers together with the dark one between; spread with boiled icing.

Chocolate Gems.—Take two tablespoonfuls of butter, a cupful of sugar, two teaspoonfuls of cocoa, a fourth of a teaspoonful of cinnamon and two eggs, not beaten; one and a half cupfuls of flour, a teaspoonful of baking powder; beat well and bake in gem pans; frost with powdered sugar and cream.

Strong Soul Never Gives Up.

The tendency to persevere, to persist in spite of hindrances, discouragements and impossibilities—it is this that in all things distinguishes the strong soul from the weak.—Carlyle.

One Woman's Thought.

"I hate and loathe the sight of the extravagantly dressed woman nowadays. She infuriates me. She has no right to spend a great deal of money on her body."—Queen.

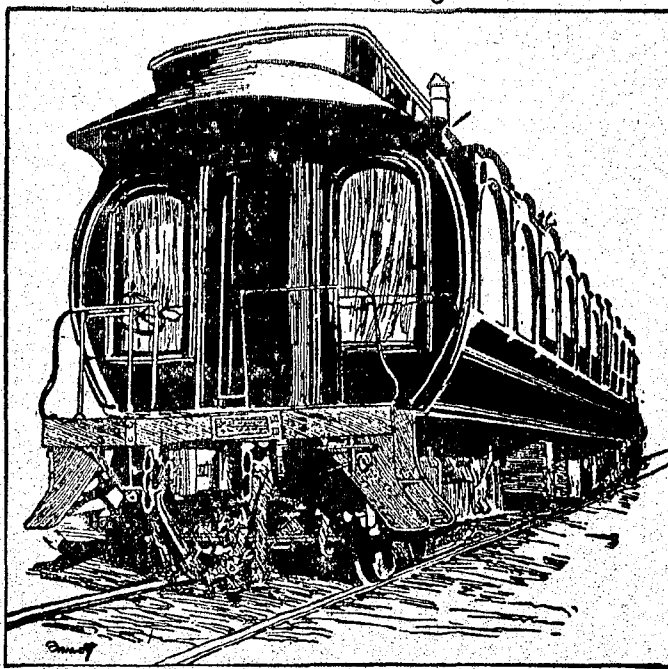
Proper Method for Eating Asparagus.

Grasp the asparagus gently but firmly around the neck with the thumb and index finger. Tilt back the head till the face assumes a horizontal position. Open wide the mouth. Lift up the asparagus till it is directly above the mouth with a 14-inch altitude. Drop it quickly. Chew. Repeat.—Princeton Tiger.

Never Mind the Rest.

"A 16-page letter from Tom! Oh what does he say?" "He says he's going to call this afternoon."—Life.

First All-Steel Passenger Car



The first all-steel railroad passenger car ever built in the United States—and for that reason, in the world—is still running, and on its original wheels. This car, owned by Leo Blondin, a traveling showman, was interned for the winter at Oklahoma City, Okla.

Blondin's history of the car is that it was built by Laconia Car company of New Hampshire in 1879, as a "just-proof, fire-proof, wreck-proof" private car. The car is a sectional steel cylinder 50 feet long, with 11 dormer windows on either side. This car is known to many old-time railroad officials, as it has been hauled over the principal lines of the United States for the last 35 years. It was exhibited at the Chicago World's fair, after which it remained in the hands of a company that acquired the wreckage that remained after the closing of the fair. A fire in the plant of the Laconia company, according to Blondin, destroyed the records of the car's whereabouts and the car remained in Chicago until purchased from the wrecking company by a showman, E. F. Reed, owner of a traveling repertoire company.

Blondin bought the car from Reed about nine years ago. Once a year the car has carried Blondin and his company on the Pacific coast circuit.

"The car rides comfortably on the main lines," says Blondin, "but because of her shape and length she rolls and bounces considerably when the engineer begins hitting up speed on the jerkwater branches."

Railroad officials who know the car say that its first official occupant was President Garfield, and that subsequently it was used as his funeral car.

In its prime the car was a gorgeous affair, a fact attested by its faded splendor. It contained three state rooms, a kitchen, a buffet and at the farther end an observation parlor so small that it seems toylike. The walls were of leather deeply padded, much of this original finishing being still in place.

One of the staterooms was in cerise tapestry. Royal blue was the color scheme in another stateroom. The old brass kerosene lamps are still in place. The middle casings of the windows are solid brass, worth several thousand dollars.—Kansas City Star.

CLAIM IS REFUTED

GEORGE STEPHENSON NOT FATHER OF LOCOMOTIVE.

Credit for Building First Successful Railroad Engine Produced in 1827, Given to Timothy Hackworth.

The world has been imposed upon by Samuel Smiles in his popular writing series. He wrote a "Life of George Stephenson," which is a disgrace, because dealing with such an important historical matter as the development of the locomotive engine he claimed for Stephenson, by mere popular writing, and against historical facts, a position in the development of the locomotive he did not hold.

There is not one invention in the locomotive handed down by George Stephenson. The only invention that has his name attached to it is the link motion, and that was the invention of an apprentice in the Stephenson works, which invention Robert Stephenson & Co. purchased.

The latest work on this great subject, which should be in every library, is the "Evolution of the Steam Locomotive, 1500 to 1898," by C. A. Sekon, editor of "The Railway Magazine." It is there distinctly shown that the credit of being named the "Father of the Locomotive" belongs to Timothy Hackworth.

Timothy Hackworth was associated with William Hedley from 1811 to 1814. Mr. Hackworth was foreman over the mechanical department of Wylam colliery, and Mr. Hedley was coal viewer. They worked out the traction ability of smooth rails and smooth wheels together. They also built two locomotive engines during this period known as "Wylam Dilly" and "Puffing Billy." The popular name for these engines in the colliery district, where all the parties were known, was "Timothy's Dillies."

Stephenson used to visit Wylam colliery on Sundays from Killingworth colliery and make sketches of these engines. He built a similar engine, which was called "My Lord," in 1814 at Killingworth colliery. All this, however, is far from the point. These engines were only stepping stones. They were not successful as locomotives.

The real success of the locomotive was worked out on the Stockton & Darlington Railway, the first public railway in the world, which was opened for traffic on September 27, 1825.

Timothy Hackworth went to the Stockton & Darlington railway as engineer and general manager in June, 1825. The locomotives the railway started with proved unsuccessful. The horses hauling the coal cars were doing the work of transportation cheaper than the locomotives. The directors decided to abandon the locomotives. However, before taking the decisive step, Timothy Hackworth, the

engineer and manager of the railway, was asked his opinion upon the subject. His reply was: "Gentlemen, if you will allow me to construct an engine in my own way I will engage it shall work cheaper than animal power."

After due deliberation this alternative was adopted, as a last locomotive experiment. The engine "Royal George" was the result, built at New Shildon by Timothy Hackworth, and tried September, 1827.

The first clear year's work (1828) she conveyed 22,422 tons over twenty miles at a cost of \$2,330, whereas a corresponding amount of work done by horses cost \$4,990, thus showing a saving of \$2,660 in favor of this locomotive over the animal power, which before the advent of the locomotive "Royal George" were doing the hauling cheaper than the other locomotives.

When this result was put before the board they exclaimed: "All we want is a sufficient number of Timothy's locomotives." The stock commenced to rise, and from the low point of \$250 per share it rose to \$1,500 per share by the year 1833. This finally and forever settled the expediency of locomotive and railway system.—Samuel Holmes in New York Times.

World's Railroad Mileage.

The latest reported mileage of Great Britain is 23,350; of France, 30,686; of Germany, 37,995; of Russia, 37,098; of Austria-Hungary, 27,570. Total mileage of the United States, 252,230, and by states: Alabama, 5,408; Arizona, 2,373; Arkansas, 5,335; California, 8,368; Colorado, 5,738; Connecticut, 999; Delaware, 384; District of Columbia, 86; Florida, 5,119; Georgia, 7,432; Idaho, 2,748; Illinois, 12,139; Indiana, 7,476; Iowa, 9,994; Kansas, 9,258; Kentucky, 3,780; Louisiana, 5,720; Maine, 2,270; Maryland, 1,429; Massachusetts, 2,130; Michigan, 8,933; Minnesota, 9,039; Mississippi, 4,441; Missouri, 8,224; Montana, 4,816; Nebraska, 6,170; Nevada, 2,418; New Hampshire, 1,255; New Jersey, 2,312; New Mexico, 3,024; New York, 8,530; North Carolina, 5,418; North Dakota, 5,160; Ohio, 9,147; Oklahoma, 6,397; Oregon, 2,912; Pennsylvania, 11,634; Rhode Island, 205; South Carolina, 3,686; South Dakota, 4,238; Tennessee, 4,105; Texas, 15,758; Utah, 2,098; Vermont, 1,073; Virginia, 4,611; Washington, 5,246; West Virginia, 3,915; Wisconsin, 7,611; Wyoming, 1,820.

New Use for Absinthe.

Stocks of absinthe now are being converted into an ingredient for explosives at a co-operative distillery at Pontoise, France, which has been supplying clear alcohol extracted from beetroots to government explosive factories, where it is used in the manufacture of gun cotton. Unable to supply the demand, the managers of the distillery conceived the idea of buying up the stocks of the forbidden beverage which had been sealed in the warehouses of manufacturers. The liquor is transformed into alcohol under the supervision of four government inspectors.

Powdered Fuel.

The expenditure for locomotive fuel on our steam railroads amounts to nearly 25 per cent of the total cost of conducting its transportation. This enormous item of expense, coupled with the ever-increasing cost of all material, due to the high price of labor, presents a problem which has engaged the attention of locomotive engineers for a number of years.

Experiments made in the way of burning solid fuel other than on grades in cement kilns and metallurgical furnaces have been successful, and pulverized coal is now extensively used for such purposes; but the difficulties inseparable from the conditions under which a locomotive has to be operated are great, and it is only recently that appliances for burning powdered fuel in locomotive fire boxes have been practically developed.—Scientific American.

A single angora goat has been known to yield 30 pounds of wool at a shearing.

WE PAY CASH FOR

MEDICINAL ROOTS, HERBS, LEAVES, BARKS, ETC.

We buy over two hundred different kinds of Medicinal Roots, Herbs, Leaves, Barks, Seeds, Flowers, Etc., for which we pay net cash on arrival.

We make a specialty of Ginseng, Golden Seal Root, Seneca Snake Root, Star Root, Star Grass Root, Beechwood, Etc. We pay top cash prices.

If you want to line up with a progressive, growing, honest, up-to-date concern who will handle your goods right, who will keep you well posted on market conditions, write us for our price list, shipping tags, and full information.

H. R. LATHROP & CO., Inc.

110-112-114-116 Beekman Street, New York City, N. Y.

Established 1910

RAVES ABOUT OUR GARDENS

Writer Says They Are So Ravishing, So Sunlit, Abounding in Freshness and Beauty.

"I can't say enough in praise of the American gardens! I think I should rave about them if I ever let myself go," exclaimed Miss Carlisle. "They are ravishing—so sunlit, abounding in freshness and beauty! Do you realize that they are so brilliant that I can never show paintings of American gardens in the same room with English gardens, because they make them look quite dreary? Their one fault is that there is often too much statuary in them, and too much of it irrelevant. Frequently, too, they are not rambling enough, and seem a little self-conscious. In English gardens small stones mellow with years are used, and the furnishings add that warmth which breeds intimacy. It is the informal garden that attracts the artist. In England these abound, with their winding paths passing through uneven hedges of many varieties of flowers. That uneven hedge, flashing forth vivid colors, one seldom sees in America, probably because of the fluctuating climate and the vogue of a more formal arrangement."—Ethel R. Poyser in Countryside Magazine.

Over and over again, the wisdom of the adage, "A man who is his own lawyer has a fool for a client," and the understanding that inspired the injunction, "Physician, heal thyself," are established in the courts. Every lawyer is familiar with many instances in which the wills of distinguished jurists have been set aside because they were improperly drawn, and it is a matter of pretty common knowledge that few doctors can diagnose their own ailments.

Another exemplification now appears in the conflict about the will of the late Dr. Austin Flint. He was, perhaps, more frequently employed as an expert witness as to testamentary capacity than any other alienist in the country. Questions of mental fitness, of intent, of motive and of the other attributes of a "sound-disposing mind" were before him constantly. Yet he drew his own will so ambiguously, so obscurely, that his executors have been compelled to invoke the aid of the court to determine what the learned testator meant.—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

The Answer.

"Mr. Interlocutor," said the end man at the Commuterville Amateur Minstrel show, "I want to ask you a question."

"Very well, Mr. Bones, what is your question?"

"Why does the railroad company always pick out single men for conductors and brakemen?"

"Before I answer your question, Mr. Bones," replied the interlocutor, "I'd like to ask you one. How do you know that the railway company always selects single men for conductors and brakemen?"

"Because no married man would ever dare to slam a door the way those fellows do."

Like the Prodigal Son.

A young wife remonstrated with her husband, a dissipated spendthrift, on his conduct.

"Love," said he, "I am like the prodigal son; I shall reform by and by."

"I will be like the prodigal son, too," she replied, "for I shall arise and go to my father."—Exchange.

Correct Use of English.

Mrs. Knicker—Do you keep help?

Mrs. Bocker—No, we keep interference.

It is easier to pick a fuss with neighbors than it is to pick music out of a banjo.

A French inventor is making gas pipes from paper, compressed, dried and varnished.

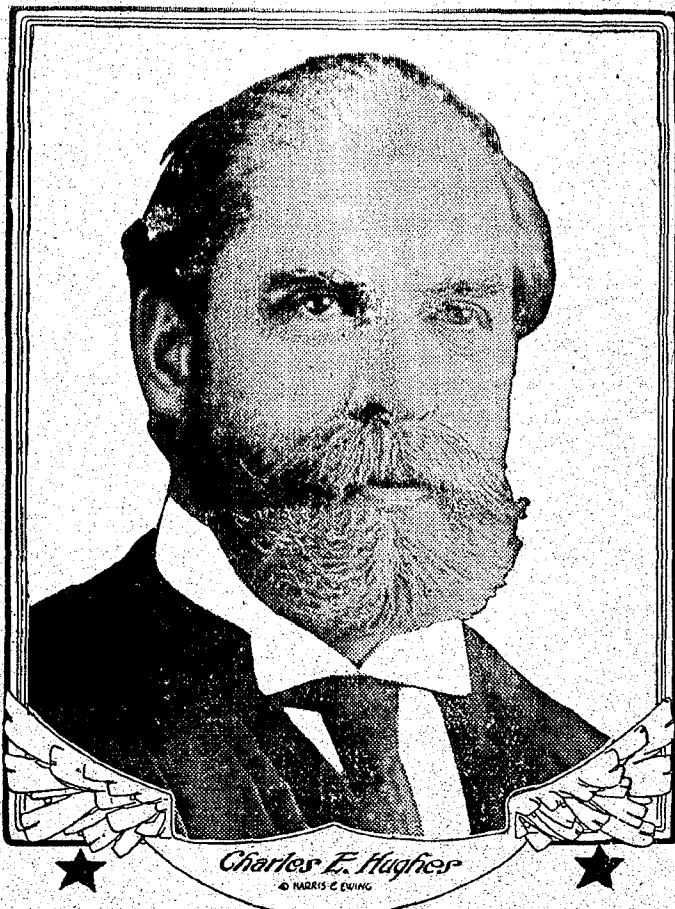
Waited Long for Chance.

Thirty-nine years ago G. H. Fowler of Denison, O., applied to the United States war department for a job as caretaker of a government cemetery.

He got a form letter saying his application had been filed with 30,000 others. He has just received a letter saying he now heads the list, and if he still wants a place, please answer.

World's Railroad Mileage.

The latest reported mileage of Great Britain is 23,350; of France, 30,686; of Germany, 37,995; of Russia, 37,098; of Austria-Hungary, 27,570. Total mileage of the United States, 252,230, and by states: Alabama, 5,408; Arizona, 2,373; Arkansas, 5,335; California, 8,368; Colorado, 5,738; Connecticut, 999; Delaware, 384; District of Columbia, 86; Florida, 5,119; Georgia, 7,432; Idaho, 2,748; Illinois, 12,139; Indiana, 7,476; Iowa, 9,994; Kansas, 9,258; Kentucky, 3,780; Louisiana, 5,720; Maine, 2,270; Maryland, 1,429; Massachusetts, 2,130; Michigan, 8,933; Minnesota, 9,039; Mississippi, 4,441; Missouri, 8,224; Montana, 4,816; Nebraska, 6,170; Nevada, 2,418; New Hampshire, 1,255; New Jersey, 2,312; New Mexico, 3,024; New York, 8,530; North Carolina, 5,418; North Dakota, 5,160; Ohio, 9,147; Oklahoma, 6,397; Oregon, 2,912; Pennsylvania, 11,634; Rhode Island, 205; South



Charles E. Hughes

HUGHES NAMED AS LEADER BY REPUBLICANS

Associate Justice Made the Unanimous Choice of the G. O. P. Convention.

FAIRBANKS IS RUNNING MATE

Roosevelt's Suggestion of Lodge as Compromise Candidate is Ignored by Republicans—Progressives Choose Former President as Their Candidate With John M. Parker for Second Place.

Republican Ticket: CHARLES EVANS HUGHES, for president. CHARLES WARREN FAIRBANKS, for vice president.

Progressive Ticket: THEODORE ROOSEVELT, for president. JOHN M. PARKER, for vice president.

Chicago—Charles Evans Hughes, associate justice of the United States Supreme court, is the nominee of the Republican party for president of the United States, and Charles Warren Fairbanks, vice president during the Roosevelt administration, is his running mate.

The nomination of Mr. Hughes came on the third ballot of the 1916 convention. The vote was overwhelmingly

Hughes from the moment the first state—Alabama—was called upon. He was given 94 1/2; Roosevelt, 18 1/2; DuPont, 5; Weeks, 3; Lodge, 7, and La Follette, 8.

The nomination of Hughes came after the Republicans had turned down the proposal of Col. Theodore Roosevelt that United States Senator Henry Cabot Lodge be named as a compromise candidate.

It preceded by a few minutes the nomination of Roosevelt by the Progressive party national convention in the Auditorium theater.

John M. Parker of Louisiana was named by the Progressives as their candidate for vice president.

By the time New Jersey was called on the roll of states, Hughes had polled a majority of the votes of the convention.

The nomination of the New York man was the signal for a wild outburst in the Coliseum—the scene of many wild outbursts in the last few days.

Choice Made Unanimous. Chairman Harding announced the nomination of Hughes, and Alex. P. Moore of Pittsburgh and Senator Lodge, who voted for Theodore Roosevelt, moved to make it unanimous.

The nomination was made unanimously with a roaring chorus of "Ayes" and not a single "No."

Senator Lodge made an eloquent appeal for Hughes in seconding the motion for unanimity.

New Mexico nominated Fairbanks for vice president. Governor Willis of Ohio seconded Fairbanks.

Nebraska was the next state to respond and H. H. Baldrige nominated former Senator Burkett.

Charles Warren Fairbanks of Indiana was nominated on the first ballot as the vice presidential candidate of the Republican party.

The fact that Roosevelt had been nominated by the rival convention, in no wise dampened the ardor or the enthusiasm of the Republican delegates.

As soon as the presidential nomina-

HOW STATES VOTED ON FIRST BALLOT

State	Hughes	Roosevelt	DuPont	Weeks	Lodge	La Follette	Other
Alabama	16	1	1	1	1	1	1
Arizona	8	1	1	1	1	1	1
Arkansas	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
California	28	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colorado	12	1	1	1	1	1	1
Connecticut	14	1	1	1	1	1	1
Delaware	6	1	1	1	1	1	1
Florida	8	1	1	1	1	1	1
Georgia	17	1	1	1	1	1	1
Idaho	8	1	1	1	1	1	1
Illinois	28	1	1	1	1	1	1
Indiana	30	1	1	1	1	1	1
Iowa	25	1	1	1	1	1	1
Kansas	20	1	1	1	1	1	1
Kentucky	22	1	1	1	1	1	1
Louisiana	12	1	1	1	1	1	1
Maine	12	1	1	1	1	1	1
Maryland	16	1	1	1	1	1	1
Massachusetts	36	1	1	1	1	1	1
Michigan	28	1	1	1	1	1	1
Minnesota	24	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mississippi	12	1	1	1	1	1	1
Missouri	36	1	1	1	1	1	1
Montana	8	1	1	1	1	1	1
Nebraska	36	1	1	1	1	1	1
Nevada	6	1	1	1	1	1	1
New Hampshire	8	1	1	1	1	1	1
New Jersey	28	1	1	1	1	1	1
New Mexico	6	1	1	1	1	1	1
New York	87	1	1	1	1	1	1
N. Carolina	21	1	1	1	1	1	1
N. Dakota	10	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ohio	48	1	1	1	1	1	1
Oklahoma	20	1	1	1	1	1	1
Oregon	10	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pennsylvania	28	1	1	1	1	1	1
Rhode Island	10	1	1	1	1	1	1
S. Carolina	11	1	1	1	1	1	1
S. Dakota	10	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennessee	22	1	1	1	1	1	1
Texas	26	1	1	1	1	1	1
Utah	8	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vermont	8	1	1	1	1	1	1
Virginia	12	1	1	1	1	1	1
Washington	14	1	1	1	1	1	1
West Virginia	10	1	1	1	1	1	1
Wisconsin	28	1	1	1	1	1	1
Wyoming	6	1	1	1	1	1	1
Alaska	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Hawaii	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Philippines	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Totals	29	74 1/2	85	12	74 1/2	23 1/2	25

*Missouri gave Frank B. Willis 3 votes; one Missouri vote recorded absent. One absent for Pennsylvania. Tennessee 1/2 vote absent. Texas gave McCall 1 vote, Frank B. Willis 1, William H. Taft 14 and Borah 1. Alabama gave Borah 1 vote.

tion was out of the way, conferences were begun to fix upon the running mate of the Supreme court justice.

Roosevelt Offers Lodge. The Roosevelt proposal to select his friend, Henry Cabot Lodge, as a compromise candidate was never taken seriously by the Republicans.

Lodge's name was not even formally placed in nomination before the Republican convention.

The report of the "peace" conference showing that the Progressive "peace committee" had agreed to put the name of Hughes before that convention hardly caused a stir, nor did the news that came a few minutes later that the report had been made by the Progressives.

Meanwhile, Hughes was in the air, on every tongue. Delegates were impatient to get to balloting. The feeling was everywhere that the third ballot of the convention for president would be the last—and it was.

Harding is Chairman. The Republican convention opened at the Coliseum at 11 a. m., June 7. Senator Warren G. Harding of Ohio was elected temporary chairman, and he delivered a speech setting forth conservative Republican principles. Following this the regular committees were appointed and organized and routine convention business went forward. There was only moderate expression of enthusiasm at any time.

With the hope of agreeing on a presidential candidate whom both parties might support, the Progressives, in convention at the Auditorium, and the Republicans appointed a joint conference committee Thursday, and this committee met at the Chicago club. Shortly after midnight it was announced that no progress had been made toward fusion of the two parties.

The Republican members of this committee were Senator Reed Smoot of Utah, W. Murray Crane, ex-senator from Massachusetts; Senator William E. Borah of Idaho, Nicholas Murray Butler of New York, president of Columbia university; A. R. Johnson of Ohio, a former congressman. The Progressive members were Gov. Hiram Johnson of California, Horace S. Wilkin of New York, Charles J. Bonaparte of Maryland, former attorney general, John M. Parker of Louisiana, George W. Perkins of New York.

Nominating speeches began in the Republican convention about three o'clock Friday afternoon, and nominations were closed before eight o'clock. Balloting began at once. Two ballots were taken before adjournment for the night.

Progressives in Session. The Progressive convention opened at exactly the same time the Republicans started their meeting. Temporary Chairman Raymond Robins delivered the Progressive policy speech. Routine business followed—but it wasn't routine in the same way as the Republican session was. The Progressives, with such men as William Allen White, Victor Murdock and Hiram Johnson, were loudly enthusiastic. This convention was really an explosive affair—cheers, table pounding, radical talk and all that.

It is said that George W. Perkins and some others of the Progressive group had a hard time keeping the radical element from nominating Colonel Roosevelt shortly after the show started. The conservatives lived in the hope of a fusion with the Republicans. The radicals said they didn't care what the Republicans did. They wanted "Teddy," and they wanted him quick. There was no dickered spirit in these fellows.

Most of the entertainment during the week was furnished by favorite sons delegations and boomers around the hotel lobbies and on the streets

Fairbanks, Burton, Weeks, Root, Sherman, La Follette, Cummins and one or two others were advertised by noisy supporters. Roosevelt men—Progressives and progressive Republicans—were at it early and late. They probably made the greatest racket. Mr. Hughes was unrepresented by merry-makers.

Career of Justice Hughes. Charles Evans Hughes' fame rests principally on his conduct of the insurance investigation and his career as governor of New York state.

An iron will, incorruptible character and remarkable reasoning ability are characteristics commonly attributed to him.

Mr. Hughes was born at Glens Falls, N. Y., April 11, 1862, the son of a Welshman who had come to this country in 1855.

He graduated from Brown university in 1881.

In 1882 he entered Columbia law school, New York city. He was graduated two years later at the head of his class and became a member of the New York bar.

In 1888 he entered the law firm of Carter, Hughes & Cravath, and about

that time he was elected to the New York state bar.

"I hope," said the car conductor, pensively, after taking the names of the people who saw the lady lose her balance, "that women will vote, and that they'll have a political party of their own and a convention and a platform."

"And then what?"

"And that they'll advocate capital punishment for anybody who gets off the platform backward."—Washington Star.

"Did I understand you to say that Colonel Jagsby is a prominent prohibitionist?"

"Well, I notice he always sits close to the front of the platform when there is a prohibition rally, but I don't know whether that is due to a passion for publicity or the workings of an aroused conscience."

Very Attractive. "This novel has an attractive description of the hero's country home."

"You bet," assented the old farmer. "I'd like mighty well to use that in the booklet I get out every year for summer boarders."

Love may be blind, but the girl's father and the dog seldom need the service of an oculist.

Charles Warren Fairbanks.

the same time married Miss Antoinette Cartow, daughter of Walter S. Carter, senior member of the firm.

First Attracts Attention. He first attracted newspaper attention in 1901, when he became counsel for the Stephens gas investigating committee. Mr. Hughes uncovered the ramifications of the gas and electric light monopoly of the metropolis and later assisted in framing several legislative bills to bring relief to bad conditions he had discovered.

In the same year started the famous life insurance investigation.

When asked to take up the work of counsel to the investigating committee Mr. Hughes declined, except on condition that he be given free rein and allowed to handle the probe thoroughly.

The investigation lasted four months and resulted in a revolution in insurance methods.

In the autumn of 1906 Mr. Hughes was elected governor of New York state by the Republicans. In 1910 President Taft appointed Mr. Hughes an associate justice of the Supreme court, and he took office on October 1 of that year.

More than 650 electric vehicles are now in use in Great Britain, against 150 twelve months ago.

It is estimated that nearly 70,000,000 wild animals are killed yearly for the sake of their fur.

Our total production of lard amounts annually to 11,500,000,000 pounds, one-third of which goes abroad.

Exploration has proved a long maintained theory that Finnish Lapland contains vast deposits of the highest grade iron ore, equal, if not superior, to the best Swedish.

KEEP YOUNG

As well be young at 70 as old at 50.

Many elderly people suffer lame, bent, aching backs, and distressing urinary disorders, when a little help for the kidneys would fix it all up. Don't wait for gravel, or Bright's disease. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. They have helped thousands, young and old, and are recommended by thousands.

A Michigan Case

Mrs. Alfred Ratelle, 707 S. Emily St., Ludington, Mich., says: "I was laid up in bed with pains through the small of my back and rheumatic twinges in my limbs. My doctor's medicine and several other remedies, but without benefit. Finally I took Doan's Kidney Pills and they gave me a complete and lasting cure."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM. A toilet preparation of merit. It cures dandruff. For restoring color and beauty to gray or faded hair. 50c and 10c tins. Everywhere.

Dickens' Poor taste in Dress. When Charles Dickens came to make his first appearance in America as a reader an immense crowd awaited him at a public hall in Boston.

The enthusiasm of the people had risen to fever heat. One of his most ardent admirers afterward told this little incident of the evening:

"With a few gentlemen, who wished to welcome him and to show him my attention, I was in the little room of the platform when Dickens entered. He was a rather stout man, with a somewhat red face, and I saw, to my surprise, that he was dressed in an exaggerated servility to the extreme of fashion. More than this, he wore a boutonniere in each buttonhole, and two watches, the chains of which were strung aggressively across his chest. There was a gaudy bad taste in his appearance which his friends regretted, knowing how distasteful it would be to his admirers, who appreciated his genius and enjoyed his writings."

TORTURING SKIN TROUBLES. That itchy, Burn and Disfigure Healed by Cuticura. Trial Free.

Bathe with plenty of Cuticura Soap and hot water to cleanse and purify. Dry lightly and apply Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal. This stops itching instantly, clears away pimples, removes dandruff and scalp irritations, and heals red, rough, sore hands.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Car Conductor's Hope. "I hope," said the car conductor, pensively, after taking the names of the people who saw the lady lose her balance, "that women will vote, and that they'll have a political party of their own and a convention and a platform."

"And then what?"

"And that they'll advocate capital punishment for anybody who gets off the platform backward."—Washington Star.

In Doubt. "Did I understand you to say that Colonel Jagsby is a prominent prohibitionist?"

"Well, I notice he always sits close to the front of the platform when there is a prohibition rally, but I don't know whether that is due to a passion for publicity or the workings of an aroused conscience."

Very Attractive. "This novel has an attractive description of the hero's country home."

"You bet," assented the old farmer. "I'd like mighty well to use that in the booklet I get out every year for summer boarders."

Love may be blind, but the girl's father and the dog seldom need the service of an oculist.

Charles Warren Fairbanks.

the same time married Miss Antoinette Cartow, daughter of Walter S. Carter, senior member of the firm.

First Attracts Attention. He first attracted newspaper attention in 1901, when he became counsel for the Stephens gas investigating committee. Mr. Hughes uncovered the ramifications of the gas and electric light monopoly of the metropolis and later assisted in framing several legislative bills to bring relief to bad conditions he had discovered.

In the same year started the famous life insurance investigation.

When asked to take up the work of counsel to the investigating committee Mr. Hughes declined, except on condition that he be given free rein and allowed to handle the probe thoroughly.

The investigation lasted four months and resulted in a revolution in insurance methods.

In the autumn of 1906 Mr. Hughes was elected governor of New York state by the Republicans. In 1910 President Taft appointed Mr. Hughes an associate justice of the Supreme court, and he took office on October 1 of that year.

More than 650 electric vehicles are now in use in Great Britain, against 150 twelve months ago.

It is estimated that nearly 70,000,000 wild animals are killed yearly for the sake of their fur.

Our total production of lard amounts annually to 11,500,000,000 pounds, one-third of which goes abroad.

Exploration has proved a long maintained theory that Finnish Lapland contains vast deposits of the highest grade iron ore, equal, if not superior, to the best Swedish.

Children Cry For

Fletcher's

CASTORIA

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paraffin, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and relieves Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Net Contents 15 Fluid Ounces.

100 Drops.

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT. A Vegetable Preparation for Assuaging the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels.

PATENTS FOR CHILDREN.

Promotes Digestion, Checks Sourness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Beck's Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

NEW YORK.

16 months old.

35 Doses 35 CENTS.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

A REMARKABLE STATEMENT

Mrs. Sheldon Spent \$1900 for Treatment Without Benefit. Finally Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Englewood, Ill.—"While going through the Change of Life, I suffered with headaches, nervousness, flashes of heat, and I suffered so much I did not know what I was doing at times. I spent \$1900 on doctors and not one did me any good. One day a lady called on me and said she had been as sick as I was once, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made her well, so I took it and now I am just as well as I ever was. I cannot understand why women don't see how much pain and suffering they would escape by taking your medicine. I cannot praise it enough for it saved my life and kept me from the Insane Hospital."—Mrs. E. Sheldon, 5657 S. Halsted St., Englewood, Ill.

Physicians undoubtedly fill their best bottles with pills and powders and do no more, but often the most scientific treatment is surpassed by the medicinal properties of the good old fashioned roots and herbs contained in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If any complication exists it pays to write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special free advice.

Make the Liver Do its Duty. Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. gently but firmly cleanse the liver and do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Distress After Eating, SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

Every Woman Wants Partine.

ANTISEPTIC POWDER. FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE. Disinfects the body and stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing powder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. The necessary quantity for a week's use. Sample Free. 50c. all druggists, or postpaid by mail. The Fenton Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

THE MODERN NEED. Is a remedy for the evil effects of quick eating, over-eating and strenuous living. The medicine that meets this need—that tones the stomach, stimulates the liver, regulates the bowels—is

BEECHAM'S PILLS. Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

For Piles Use Abell's Formalin Balm. Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded. For sale by all Druggists, or sent upon receipt of 25c postpaid. Send for free sample. HOME REMEDY CO., South Haven, Mich.

GALLSTONES FREE. A 3rd operation. Positive remedy. (No Opium—No Anesthetics). Write for our Big Book of Truth and Facts. Free. Gallstone Remedy Co., Dept. C-68, 219 S. Dearborn St., Chicago.

PATENTS. Watson E. Coleman, D. C. Advice and books free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best service. W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 25-1916.

HUGHES ACCEPTS AND RESIGNS OFFICE

Washington, June 10.—Justice Charles Evans Hughes accepted the Republican nomination for the presidency, and resigned from the Supreme court of the United States. He issued the following statement:

"I hereby resign the office of associate justice of the Supreme court of the United States. CHARLES E. HUGHES."

Hughes' statement of the acceptance of the Republican nomination follows: "Hon. Warren G. Harding, Chairman Republican National Committee, Chicago."

"Mr. Chairman and Delegates: I have not desired the nomination. I have wished to remain on the bench, but in this critical period of our national history I recognize that it is your right to summon me and my paramount duty to respond. You speak at a time of national exigency, transcending merely partisan considerations."

THE OLD RELIABLE

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

MADE FROM CREAM OF TARTAR

Council Proceedings.

A regular meeting of the common council of the village of Grayling convened at the Town hall Monday evening June 5th, 1916. Meeting called to order by H. Petersen, president.

Trustees present—Jorgensen, Cook, Taylor, Milks, McCullough and Canfield. Absent none. Minutes of last meeting read and approved. Finance committee's report read, to wit:

To the President and members of the Common council of the village of Grayling: Your committee on Finance Claims and Accounts respectfully recommend that the accompanying bills be allowed as follows:

1. O. P. Schumann, printing, \$ 10.85
2. Grayling Electric Co., service, 124.00
3. J. C. Mason, painting sprinkler, 10.00
4. Campbell Gravel Co., gravel, 181.94
5. J. H. Shults, proceeding records, 2.99
6. Doubleday-Hunt-Dolan Co., tax receipts, 12.62
7. Salling, Hanson Co., supplies, 613
8. Julius Nelson, pay roll ending May 31st, 383.81
9. Glen Smith, legal services, 40.00

W. Jorgensen, } Committee.
A. Taylor, }
F. H. Milks, }

Moved by Jorgensen and supported by McCullough that the Finance committee's report be accepted and orders drawn on the treasurer for the amounts. Motion carried. Moved by Jorgensen and supported by McCullough that the bill of John S. Harrington for extra work be allowed and an order drawn on the

treasurer for the amount. Motion carried.

Moved by McCullough and supported by Canfield that the petition of the old soldiers be granted, and \$24.35 be allowed them for decorations for Memorial day. Motion carried.

Moved by Cook and supported by Canfield that the request for sewer of the following named persons be granted, to wit: M. J. Sheehy, E. F. Cooper, Mary A. Turner, Peder Kjolhede, Peter Robertson, D. Montour, J. W. Sorenson, George Sorenson, J. E. Crowley, F. May, Herluf Sorenson, Peter Rasmussen, C. W. Wight and O. N. Michelson. Motion carried.

Finance committee's report read, to wit:

To the President and members of the Common council. Your committee on Finance, recommend that we raise the following proportions of taxes for the ensuing year, on the total valuation of the village as per assessor's report, to wit:

- 25-100 of 1% for Contingent fund.
- 35-100 of 1% for Highway fund.
- 10-100 of 1% for Sewer fund.

W. Jorgensen, } Committee.
A. Taylor, }
F. H. Milks, }

Moved by Jorgensen and supported by Canfield that the Finance committee's report regarding the appropriations be accepted and the appropriations be approved. Motion carried.

Moved by Jorgensen and supported by McCullough that Ordinance No. 21 entitled "Relative to Encumbering and Obstructing Public Places" be accepted and adopted, and ordered published and to take effect June 27, 1916. Yeas: Jorgensen, Taylor, Milks, Cook, McCullough and Canfield. Nays none.

Cook, McCullough and Canfield. Nays none.

Moved by Canfield and supported by Milks that Ordinance No. 22 entitled "Relative to the Opening and Closing of Saloons" be accepted and adopted, and ordered published and to take effect June 27, 1916. Yeas: Jorgensen, Taylor, Milks, Cook, McCullough and Canfield. Nays none.

Moved by Jorgensen and supported by Canfield that Ordinance No. 23 entitled "Prohibiting Children from being upon Public streets and alleys of Village after certain hours" be accepted and adopted, and ordered published and to take effect June 27, 1916. Yeas: Jorgensen, Taylor, Milks, Cook, McCullough and Canfield. Nays none.

Moved by McCullough and supported by Taylor that Ordinance No. 24 entitled "Relative to Fires and Fire Department" be accepted and adopted, and ordered published and to take effect June 27, 1916. Yeas: Jorgensen, Taylor, Milks, Cook, McCullough and Canfield. Nays none.

Moved by Jorgensen and supported by Cook that Ordinance No. 25 entitled "An Ordinance Relative to the Construction and Repair of Sidewalks" be accepted and adopted, and ordered published, and to take effect immediately. Yeas: Jorgensen, Taylor, McCullough, Milks, Cook and Canfield. Nays none.

Moved by Milks and supported by Cook that Ordinance No. 26 entitled "An Ordinance Relative to Public Health and Safety" be accepted and adopted, and ordered published and to take effect June 27, 1916. Yeas: Jorgensen, Taylor, Milks, Cook, McCullough and Canfield. Nays none.

Moved by Cook and supported by Jorgensen that Ordinance No. 27 entitled "An Ordinance to Regulate the Manufacture, Sale and Storage of Explosives and Gasoline" be accepted and adopted, and ordered published, and to take effect June 27, 1916. Yeas: Jorgensen, Taylor, Milks, Cook, McCullough and Canfield. Nays none.

Moved by Canfield and supported by McCullough that Ordinance No. 28 entitled "Relative to Shade and Ornamental Trees" be accepted and adopted, and ordered published, and to take effect June 27, 1916. Yeas: Jorgensen, Taylor, Milks, Cook, McCullough and Canfield. Nays none.

Moved by Canfield and supported by McCullough that Ordinance No. 29 entitled "An Ordinance to Amend Section 2 of Ordinance No. 1 of the village of Grayling entitled 'Relative to Licenses'" be accepted and adopted, and ordered published, and to take effect June 27, 1916. Yeas: Jorgensen, Taylor, Milks, Cook, McCullough and Canfield. Nays none.

RUBBER TUBE IN HIS LUNG

Surgeons Remove It, and They Now Think That Parker Will Get Well.

Hot Springs, S. D.—Cus Parker, who was brought to a local hospital some weeks ago from his home at Upton, Wyo., and in whose right lung a rubber tube was found after it had remained there unknown to physicians for a period of ten years, is recovering steadily from the operation for the removal of the tube. The presence of the rubber tube was discovered by an X-ray machine.

Ten years ago Parker had an abscess in his right lung and the rubber tube was placed in it for draining purposes. The tube finally was forgotten and remained where it had been placed by the physicians. Parker's health gradually declined. He visited many parts of the United States and even went to South America in the hope that a change of scene and climate would restore his health. But he failed to secure relief, and as a last resort decided to come to the Hot Springs hospital and have the surgeons carefully examine him for the purpose of discovering what ailed him.

The finding of the rubber tube was the result. It is expected that within a few days he will be as well as ever. For a period of five years he never walked a step or had on a pair of shoes.

CHINK PAINTS FACE BLACK

Made Himself Up to Look Like Negro and Landed From Ship at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia.—Charles Soo, a Chinese sailor on the steamship C. A. Canfield, lying at Point Breeze, near Philadelphia, painted himself black in order that he might resemble a negro fireman and walked ashore, making a direct course for Chinatown in a trolley car.

After being in the car a short time the conductor noticed that while Soo's face was black, his legs, which he had forgotten to paint, were of a different color. The conductor charged him with being a deserter from a ship. Soo assured the conductor that he was all right. He said he had been sent out for a doctor for the captain of the ship, who was very sick. He jumped off at the first drug store and was not seen afterward.

The immigration officials heard of the escape and sent an inspector to the ship, who refused to permit the Canfield to proceed until Captain Finn paid the \$500 fine due for violating the Chinese exclusion act.

SOCIETY GIRL TO WED



Miss Mary Elizabeth Finley, daughter of Representative and Mrs. David E. Finley of Yorkville, S. C., whose engagement to Mr. Walter Bedford Moore, Jr., of Yorkville, S. C., has recently been announced. The wedding will take place in South Carolina, and will be an event of the early summer. Miss Finley takes a prominent part in the society of the younger congressional set in Washington.

MAN IS MARRIED BY PROXY

Becomes Worse Half of Young Lady Away Off in Rotterdam, Holland.

Laporte, Ind.—Johannes H. Van Den Elshout, an accountant in the office of the United States Slitting Machinery company, was married here by proxy to Miss Wilhelmina Elizabeth Van Baggum, who is at Rotterdam, Holland.

The young man appeared before Emil Baeltzingelooen, a notary, and signed the necessary documents of proxy, which will be sent to the Dutch consul at Cleveland, O., who will forward them to Rotterdam.

Upon their arrival there a ceremony will be performed in the church, the bride's brother taking the bride, groom's place and answering from the papers the questions propounded by the minister.

Woman Can't Drink Water. Altoona, Ill.—Mrs. Mary Craig of Godfrey Township, Ill., who several years ago gained considerable publicity when she let it be known that she had not drunk water for more than forty years, has been stricken with paralysis at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Hall, on the Grafton road, near Altoona. She takes all her liquid refreshments in the form of milk or tea and says water does not agree with her.

Good Morning.

"How are you this morning?" "All right." "That's good, but say, did you see that ad N. H. Nielsen had in the paper last week, about Surface State shingles?" "Yes." "What do you think of them?" "Well, I believe they're alright. I saw him the other day, and he said that he will never have any other at his house. He said they are a little higher priced at the start, but they will pay in thirty days." "Well, I got to go in the house, so Good-bye." adv.

Bowel Complaints in India.

In a lecture at one of the Des Moines, Iowa, churches a missionary from India told of going into the interior of India, where he was taken sick, that he had a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy with him and believed that it saved his life. This remedy is used successfully in India both as a preventive and cure for cholera. You may know from this that it can be depended upon for the milder forms of bowel complaint that occur in this country. Obtainable everywhere.

What the Grange Has Done.

First advocated making the Commissioner of Agriculture a Cabinet officer.

First advocated Rural Free Mail Delivery.

First advocated Postal Savings Banks.

First advocated Parcel Post.

First advocated Pure Food Laws.

Advocated the initiative, referendum, recall, direct nominations and conservation.

Worked for State Railway commission; extension of Markets for farmers; ship canal connecting Great Lakes and Mississippi; uniform system of school text books; good roads; construction of the Panama Canal; regulation of railroads and transportation companies; equal taxation; popular election of U. S. Senators; restriction of trusts and monopolies; temperance legislation; taxation of corporations at true cash value of property; interstate commerce bill; Sherman Anti-Trust law; establishing department of commerce; Groat bill against colored Oleomargarine; Act of 1902 preventing false branding of food products; rate regulation; Pure Food act of 1906.

Opposed specific taxation applied to railroad telegraph lines; Ship subsidy law.

Why you should join the Grange:

BECAUSE:

You are a farmer. The Grange is a farmers' organization.

It is the only national farmers' organization.

It is fighting your fight.

It has 60,000 members in Michigan.

It has a state organization in thirty-two states.

It would help you to get acquainted with your neighbors.

It takes in the farmer, his wife and children.

It will teach you how to think while on your feet.

It is the farmers' "High School."

It will help you to be a better farmer and a better citizen.

Its admission fees and its dues are within your means, viz., fees, Men \$1.00, Women 50 cents. Dues 10 cents a month.

More than nine-tenths of the farmers, who are public speakers are Grangers.

It is making a rapid growth all over the United States.

It will stand as long as the American farmer stands.

It works for you while you revile it.

There should be a good Grange in every inhabited township in every state.

It always works for the right.

It is surely progressive.

All other industries are organized. Why not the farmer? There is no reason why you could not and should not join. You acknowledge it is all right. Then come on and help us fight. Bring your wife, sister, brother. Don't wait for one another. Don't stand longer outside the gate. Time flies, why do you wait? If it is not good enough for you, come make it better, do. If we can't help you, you can help us.

But we'll never get into a fuss. We'll be glad to let you ride the goat and talk, sing and vote. Then we farmers will pull together in storm and sunshine weather. We'll work for nothing which is wrong. We'll give three cheers loud and long. We'll all be friends and not strangers. Because we all are good Grangers.

GREAT CHANGE IS SEEN BY SMITH.

Grand Rapids Man Heartily In Favor of Great Tanlac.

Arthur Smith, a well known carpenter who lives at 919 Ottawa avenue, north, Grand Rapids, makes this statement:

"I have suffered from rheumatism for the past two years and, at times, the pain was so bad that I could hardly stand it. I would have severe, darting pains in my back and sides and these would often keep me awake at nights. In damp weather these pains would be worse and I would be all crippled up, making it unsafe for me to climb around at my work. I lost my appetite and became nervous. My system was all run down."

"I decided to try Tanlac because I had heard so many people say it had helped them. I was agreeably pleased at the quick and beneficial results I got from a few drops of Tanlac. It improved my condition at once. I am now feeling better every day. My rheumatism is much better and my whole system has been built up in every way. I sleep well. I am full of life and energy all the time."

Tanlac may be obtained here at the store of A. M. Lewis.

Stomach Troubles and Constipation.

"I will cheerfully say that Chamberlain's Tablets are the most satisfactory remedy for stomach troubles and constipation that I have sold in thirty-four years' drug store service," writes S. H. Murphy, druggist, Wellsburg, N. Y. Obtainable everywhere.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the person strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer \$100 for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75¢.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation, Adv.

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, whereby the power therein contained to sell has become operative, made by John A. Everett and Rhoda J. Everett, his wife, of the Village of Grayling, County of Crawford and State of Michigan, to James Elfrson of the same place, dated the twenty-fifth day of April, in the year of our Lord, 1911, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Crawford County, Michigan, on the 26th day of April, A. D. 1911, in Liber E. of mortgages on page 610 thereof, on which said mortgage there is claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred and sixteen and 22-100 dollars and also the legal charges of sale and the attorney's fee provided by law, and no proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, under the power of sale contained in said mortgage, notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 5th day of August, A. D. 1916, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the court house in the Village of Grayling, in said County of Crawford, that being the place of holding the Circuit Court for the county in which said mortgaged premises are situated, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale at public auction to the highest bidder for the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage, with interest and legal costs, which said premises are situated in the Village of Grayling, County of Crawford and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: The east half of lot ten (10), and entire lot twelve (12) of block seven (7) of Hadley's amended addition to the Village of Grayling, Michigan, as recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Crawford County, Michigan.

Dated May 9th, 1916.

JAMES ELFRSON, Mortgagee.

O. PALMER, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Business address: Grayling, Mich. 5-11-13

Department of the Interior.

U. S. Land Office at Marquette, Michigan, May 9, 1916.

NOTICE is hereby given that Levi Barnhart, of Grayling P. O., Mich., who, on April 12, 1911, made Homestead application, No. 02425, for N. W. 1/4, Sec. 12, Twp. 26 N., Range 5 W., Michigan meridian, has filed notice of intention to make five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Crawford County, at his office in Grayling, Mich., on the 29 day of July, 1916.

Claimant names as witnesses: Horace Barnhart, Henry Wolcott, Ed. G. Clark, Louis J. Kraus, all of Grayling, Michigan.

JOHN L. HEFFERMAN, Register.

6-15-6

Paperhanging and Kalsomining

We do paperhanging and kalsomining; interior decorating and painting. Let us give you an estimate on your work.

All Work Done Promptly and Satisfactorily

We also sell WALL PAPER

Conrad Sorenson

Painter and Decorator

Phone 613

For Sale

One lot; cottage and lot; Ford roadster; Caille row-boat motor; stationary engine, two-horse power, and one power washer. Inquire of 6-1-2 J. R. N. CASE, Portage Lake.

THE NEW \$100,000 WAYNE MINERAL BATH HOUSE

DETROIT (Third and) MICH.

Completely equipped for giving every approved form of hydrotherapy, treatment for Rheumatism, Blood Disorders, Nervous Troubles, Dyspepsia, Constipation, etc. The Sulpho-Saline water used is excellent in therapeutic value by any spring in America or Europe.

WAYNE HOTEL AND GARDENS

In connection. Delightfully located on river front, adjacent to D. & C. Nav. Co's Wharf. Coolest spot in Detroit. European plan, \$1.00 per day and up.

J. R. Hayes, Prop. F. H. Hayes, Asst. Mgr.

A Vicious Pest

Rats destroy nearly a billion dollars worth of food and property every year. Kill your rats and mice and stop your loss with

RAT CORN

It is safe to use. Deadly to rats but harmless to human beings. Ratebly dry up. No odor whatever. Visible bait in each can. How to Destroy Rats. 25c, 50c and \$1.00. In Bulk, Halfway, Dear and General Stores.

Central Drug Store

HUMPHREYS'

Free Medical Book—in celebration of sixty years we have published a revised edition of Dr. Humphreys' Manual of all diseases, giving in minute detail the care and treatment of the sick with Humphreys' Remedies

No.	For	Price
1	Fever, Congestion, Inflammation, etc.	25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, etc.	25
3	Colic, Cramping and Watkiness of Infants	25
4	Diarrhea of Children and Adults	25
5	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, etc.	25
6	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo, etc.	25
7	Toothache, Facies, Neuralgia, etc.	25
8	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach, etc.	25
9	Constipation, Biliousness, etc.	25
10	Gravel, Gout, Rheumatism, etc.	25
11	Rheumatism, Lumbago, etc.	25
12	Fever and Ague, Malaria, etc.	25
13	Piles, Hemorrhoids, External, Internal, etc.	25
14	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in Head, etc.	25
15	Whooping Cough, Difficult Breathing, etc.	25
16	Asthma, Oppressed, etc.	25
17	Kidney Diseases, etc.	25
18	Nervous Debility, Weakness, etc.	25
19	Urinary Incontinence, Wetting Bed, etc.	25
20	Sore Throat, Quinsy, etc.	25
21	La Grippe—Grip	25
22	Cold and Cough	25

Gold and silver receipts of price. HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE CO., Corner William and Ann Streets, New York.

Drs. Insley & Keyport

Physicians & Surgeons

Office over Lewis & Co's Drug Store.

Office Hours—2-4, 7-8 p. m. Mornings and Sundays by appointment.

Residence on Peninsula Avenue, opposite G. A. R. Hall.

Bank of Grayling.

Successor to Crawford County Exchange Bank.

MARIUS HANSON

PROPRIETOR.

Interest paid on certificates of deposits. Collections promptly attended to. All accommodations extended that are consistent with safe and conservative banking.

MARIUS HANSON, Cashier.

G. A. Canfield, D.D.S

DENTIST

OFFICE: Over Alexander's Law Office on Michigan Avenue.

Office hours 8.30-11 a. m. 1-3.10 p. m.

J. Atwood Whitaker, M.D.

Physician and Surgeon

Office over Central Drug Store.

Office hours 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Residence on Maple street, first residence from Michigan avenue.

Office phone 842.

Residence phone 303.

GLEN SMITH,

Attorney and Solicitor,

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

GRAYLING, MICH.

Phone 62.

Dr. J. J. Love

DENTIST

Phone 1271

Hours: 9 to 11:30 a.m., 1 to 5 p.m.

Office: Upstairs next to postoffice

O. Palmer

ATTORNEY AT LAW

FIRE INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE

Office in Avalanche Building

O. P. Schumann

Justice of the Peace

At Avalanche Office

Manistee & N. E. R. R.

Time Card

In effect Nov. 7, 1915.

Read Down.

A. M. P. M.

11.00 12.25 1.50 2.25 3.50 4.25 5.50 6.25 7.50 8.25 9.50 10.25 11.50 12.25 1.50 2.25 3.50